Morning Oregonian.

DAILY

THE UNION

VOL. XIX.—NO. 3872. PORTLAND, OREGON: MONDAY, JANUARY 19, 1880. PRICE—TEN CENTS

California R. R.
Sunday, Sept. 15, 1874
12 o'clock Noon.
Y (EXCEPT SUNDAY
As follows
RD AND ROSEBURG.
ARRIVE
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California and Oregon Stage line
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PORTLAND.
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A TO WILKESON
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LINE TRAINS
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)
ARRIVE
A. M. Tacoma......5:00 P. M.
A. M. Kalama......12:30 P. M.
p Road Trains.
ARRIVE
A. M. Wilkeson......9:00 A. M.
P. M. Tacoma......5:50 P. M.
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GENERAL NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

Business Failures During 1879—A Moral from the Distress in California.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—The *Financial Chronicle* of to-day, referring to Dun & Barlow's exhibit of business failures during the past year, says that fully half came within the first quarter of 1879. It also shows that the only city in the United States separately reported upon where there has not been a decided decrease in failures during 1879, is San Francisco. Boston shows 170 failures during the year, against 325 in 1878; New York 503 against 865; Philadelphia 150 against 251; Cincinnati, 74 against 216; Chicago, 83 against 382; St. Louis, 56 against 167; San Francisco, 221 against 222. The statement also shows that in the six cities first named, the liabilities amounted to only one-quarter of the previous year's total, while in San Francisco the liabilities were increased last year about 16 per cent., being $5,317,118. Another table shows that while in all the remainder of the country, only one in every 110 in business failed, there was in California, we have first the figures to give San Francisco by itself, one failure in every 30 in business, and in the Pacific states and territories which depend largely upon California for their prosperity, one failure in every 61 in business. The *Chronicle* draws the following moral from the above: "During the past two years California has been attempting to put fetters around capital, being in a state of depression. Her people have been attempting by legislation which shall deprive capital of its natural earnings, to force prosperity. Do we not in these statements of failures plainly see written the results of this movement? Cannot our legislators heed the lesson thus taught?"

Sally and Her Pa Going to See the Big Chief

OMAHA, Jan. 16.—Chief Winnemucca and his sons Natches and Capt. Jim, and Sarah, his eldest daughter, passed through this afternoon, *en route* to Washington to see the president. They were in charge of Special Agent Hayworth.

The Railroad War Over.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—The war among western railroads is over. The Colorado business has terminated, all participants agreeing to restore rates and maintain them.

Ecclesiastical Appointment.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—A dispatch from Rome to the New York *Freeman's Journal* states that on the 15th inst. His Holiness Leo XIII. approved of the appointment of Rev. Dr. Elder, heretofore bishop of Natchez, to be coadjutor with the right of succession to the archbishop of Cincinnati, and to be administrator of the archdiocese.

Banquet in New York of California Pioneers.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—The fifth annual banquet of the Associated Pioneers of the territorial days of California will take place Monday. It will be a social gathering of survivors of the army and navy in service on the coast of California during the Mexican war. Among those to be present are Rear Admiral Emmons, Commodore Yard, Gen. Chas R. Graham, Captain Blake and Rear Admiral Stanley.

Telegraph Change.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—It is stated that the lines of the American Union Co. will be opened early next week for general business. The contract with the Pennsylvania Railroad Co., by which the telegraph company has been admitted for a long term of years to all the telegraphic privileges of that company, has been completed. The earnings of the lines established along the railroad will be pooled with those of independent lines of railroad. It is understood that the existing contract with the Western Union will be renewed only on a similar basis.

The Death Rate at Deadwood.

DEADWOOD, Jan. 18.—Twenty-six deaths have occurred this month in this city and neighboring camps; 24 of which were caused by prevailing throat and lung epidemics. Nine of this number were children under 10 years of age. With a population of less than 7000, the death rate is very high. The weather is unfavorable.

A Political Novelty.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—The *Inter-Ocean's* special correspondence from Strather, South Carolina, says: At a meeting of old soldier planters at Mount Pleasant, January 10th, an organization was effected and resolutions unanimously adopted expressing a desire for cordial and fraternal union in the country and saying:

Resolved, That to effect this, our earnest desire, we nominate General U. S. Grant and Senator Thomas Bayard as our standard bearers for president and vice president in the approaching presidential election.

Resolved, That we send greetings of peace and good will to all people throughout the land, and invite them to organize themselves into solid union clubs, nominate Grant, and let us become one people, undivided.

Play or Pay.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—Hanlon yesterday reiterated in a letter to Mr. Blackie his determination to sign no agreement for a race with Courtney except play or pay.

Massachusetts Railroads.

BOSTON, Jan. 11.—The annual report of the railroad service in Massachusetts shows that during the year ending Sept. 30 last only 11 miles of additional railroads were completed in the state. The gross income for the year of all corporations amounts to $35,000,000. The whole number of persons injured during the year, including the accident at Wollaston, was 405. Fatal injuries, 45.

Cruelty to Children.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—The agents of the society for the prevention of cruelty to children brought into the supreme court yesterday, all children in the "Shepherd's Fold," 22 in number, charging the fold with starving and neglecting the helpless little ones. Pending investigation the children were committed to the care of a benevolent society. One child is said to be in the hospital, caused by lack of nourishment.

Gen. Grant and Party.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—Gen. Grant and party have engaged passage on the steamship *Alexandria*, which is expected to leave for Havana on February 13.

ACCIDENTS.

Fatal Explosion.

EPPING, N. H., Jan. 16.—The boiler of the steam mill of J. H. Pike, in Fremont, exploded last night, and the mill was blown to atoms. One of the workmen, Clarence Perkins was instantly killed, and another, Jos. Quimby, fatally injured.

Steamboat Explosion.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—The steamer *Greece* exploded yesterday as she lay at her dock at Hoboken. The disaster is supposed to have been caused by the igniting of coal gas when the hatches were opened. The killed were two longshoremen, and the wounded, a custom house officer and several sailors and longshoremen—eight in all.

Railroad Accident.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Jan. 16.—An express train engine on the Reading railroad jumped the track this morning, killing the engineer, Jas. Daly, and injuring the fireman. A sleeping car was wrecked.

A Fearful Explosion.

WINNIPEG, Jan. 17.—A dispatch from Prince Arthur's Landing announces an explosion of the giant powder and nitroglycerine works, situated one mile from town. No one was killed, but every building in the town is more or less damaged. The disaster is said to have been caused by an incendiary.

FIRES.

Fire at New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Fire was discovered this morning in the third story of a building No. [illegible] Broadway, which soon assumed alarming proportions. The building had a frontage of [illegible] on Broadway and extended through to Prospect place, a distance of near 200 feet. The first floor was occupied by Abraham Kaufman, importer of pictures and picture frames, and the four stories above were occupied by J. E. Andrews & Co., dealers in furnishing goods. It was impossible at midnight to get any correct estimate of the losses. Much of the interior of the large building soon burned away, but the roof had not fallen and the walls stood firm. The contents of the building were either burned or ruined by water. The police estimate Kaufman's loss at about $[illegible]; Andrews & Co.'s, about $[illegible]. The owner of the building is not known by the police.

Fire at East Cambridge.

BOSTON, Jan. 17.—[illegible] & [illegible]'s Riverside oil works at East Cambridge, with 100,000 gallons of kerosene oil, machinery, records, accounts, etc., was destroyed by fire last night. Loss $[illegible]; insurance $[illegible].

WASHINGTON CITY.

The Ingalls Investigation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Gov. Anthony testified before the Ingalls bribery committee to-day that about the time of the election he was approached by H. C. Davis, who said that he had been sent by Senator Ingalls to interview Anthony, and that if Anthony would withdraw his name and retire from the contest for the senatorship he would place the resignation of the postmaster at Leavenworth in Anthony's hands and that Ingalls would use his influence to secure the appointment of any person he might choose to nominate for the position. The proposition, Gov. Anthony said, he rejected then and there.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The case of Senator Ingalls was before the committee on privileges and election.

President Purcell, of the Manhattan bank, at Manhattan, Kansas, contradicted the testimony given by D. R. Wagstaff and Byron Russell. He stated that he had received $[illegible] from the president of the Topeka bank, January 25, and sent it on the same day by his private clerk to his bank, at Manhattan, and that no part of it had been retained or used by him in the senatorial contest. Purcell also then stated he had never paid nor offered Wait, a member of the legislature, any sum whatever to influence his vote.

Personal.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—General Sutter left this morning for New York to preside at the dinner of the California Pioneers, next Monday evening.

Argument against the Inter-State Commerce Bill.

Commissioner Fulton argued to-day before the house committee on commerce against the Reagan inter-state commerce bill.

The Porter Bill to be Favorably Reported.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The house committee on military affairs at a full meeting to-day agreed upon a report to accompany Representative Bragg's bill for the restoration of Fitzjohn Porter. It provides for his restoration to the service with the rank of colonel, and awards him $75,000 in lieu of all back pay to which he may have been entitled.

Goode's Chinese Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The house committee on education and labor will report favorably Representative Goode's bill prohibiting Chinese immigration, striking out that section, however, which provides for the abrogation of articles 5 and 6 of the Burlingame treaty. The bill prohibits the carrying of more than 15 Chinese passengers on any one vessel, but excepts from prohibition Chinese officials and persons shipwrecked.

The Spofford-Kellogg Inquiry.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—In the Spofford-Kellogg case to-day L. R. Hubbard contradicted DeLacy's statement that he [Hubbard] was present and saw the envelope placed upon DeLacy's desk in the Louisiana house of representatives which DeLacy swore contained $150 and which he said was intended to influence him to vote for Kellogg for U. S. Senator.

Senator Kellogg's counsel asked that the testimony of E. L. Weber be stricken from the record of the committee. Senator Kellogg submitted a letter claiming the right to introduce additional testimony in rebuttal of any original testimony that may hereafter be offered by Spofford, and also claiming the right to testify on his own behalf when all evidence is in. Without deciding the question, further consideration of the case was postponed till Monday.

The Chinese Immigration Bill to be Pushed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The California delegation has resolved to push action on the Chinese immigration bill and run the chance of another presidential veto. The bill is more moderate than the one vetoed. No attempt is made to abrogate the existing treaty with China. Some members of the delegation have had interviews with the president about the measure, but he declines to intimate what he would do if the bill is presented him for his signature. On account of the prolonged absence of Minister Seward from his post during the past year, Secretary Evarts says that he has been unable to consummate negotiations for the modification of our treaty with China.

Leeds, an Ute Indian, Talks of the Grievances of his People.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Leeds was before the commissioner about two hours. He assigned among the reasons and causes for disaffection, the failure of the Indian bureau to send to the Indians subsistence supplies and agricultural implements as it had agreed to do; prohibitions by the department of the sale of arms and ammunition upon their reservation; leaving them under the necessity of traveling ninety miles to obtain the necessities of life, as without means and ammunition for hunting they were unable to sustain themselves upon their reservation; the delay of the department in furnishing their supplies to starving White river Utes, and notice given in two successive annual reports by Indian Commissioner Hayt that he proposed their removal to the Indian territory without making any mention of any proposition to compensate them for their lands. He attributed the disaffection of the Utes to the utter inattention of Commissioner Hayt to their condition, claims and necessities.

Choice of Democratic Congressmen for the Presidency.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The *Post* prints to-day interviews with about 75 democratic congressmen in favor of Seymour's nomination by the democratic convention. Many of the western democrats declared preference for Hendricks.

Our South American Relations.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—The Washington correspondent of a French organ here states that Evarts sent the war vessel *Nipsic* to Laguayra, in Venezuela, not to demand an apology and indemnity from the Venezuelan government as alleged by certain journals, but merely to make an investigation on the spot to show how far Napheygi had succeeded in deceiving Eckart, the American consul, a German who has shown an excessive zeal in protecting his Hungarian and Austrian countrymen, and has thus exposed the American flag to discredit. The same organ intimates that there is danger that the Chileans will farm out their guano and nitrate resources to English and Germans, as security for their loans, and this is what ex-President Prado is endeavoring to impress upon the Americans. He has been materially aided in this campaign by Tracy, the Peruvian minister to the United States, and by Grace & Flint, large commercial dealers with Peru. He also alleges that our government is about to repeat its instructions to its representatives in the south Pacific, to keep a watchful eye upon any arrangements that Chile may make in this respect, either in its treaties with Peru or contracts with European capitalists.

Probable Senate Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The senate will to-morrow take up the bill reported from the committee on commerce to regulate the transportation of cattle by railroad. This measure will doubtless give rise to considerable discussion, and when it is disposed of the financial debate will probably begin upon the Bayard resolution concerning which nearly all members of the finance committee have already prepared long speeches.

A Blow at the Chateau Scheme for Free Wine Importation.

Judge Kelly, of Pennsylvania, expects to get the floor in the house of representatives to-morrow to offer his resolution declaring that any and all commercial treaties providing for changes in the rates of tariff duties, must receive the approval of the house as well as the senate before they can go into effect. This resolution, which is aimed at the Chateau project, will no doubt be [illegible] suspension of rules, and Kelly is [illegible] of its receiving the necessary two-thirds vote, and perhaps considerable more. Leon Chotteau is again in Washington industriously distributing documents in support of his project and apparently prepared to "fight it out on this line if it takes him all summer." It does not, as yet, appear that the scheme has made any progress in Washington since Chotteau was here last year, but it will doubtless be unsafe to assume that no progress is being made because none is visible in a matter of this sort, as the movement is, to a large extent, [illegible] conducted under the surface.

Bound Over to Answer.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Lucy Walton alias Brett Horton, who shot John H. Morgan, son of Senator Morgan, has been held in [illegible] for action before the grand jury.

THE MAINE OUTRAGE.

The Republicans Win in the Courts.

Every Point Decided Squarely against the Counting Fusionists and their Legislative Votes declared Null and Void.

THEIR LEADERS DISREGARD THE DECISION.

Gen. Butler applied to for Democratic Opinions—The Fusionist Government to be Set Up at Saco.

The Militia Remains Loyal to Chamberlain.

ETC., ETC., ETC.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.]

Smith's Inauguration.

AUGUSTA, Jan. 16.—Both branches reassembled at 3 P. M.

The committee appointed to wait upon J. L. Smith and inform him of his election, reported Smith's acceptance.

At 4 P.M. joint convention was formed in the hall of the house for the purpose of administering the oath of office. A committee was appointed to wait upon the governor, and forthwith Smith appeared, accompanied by the heads of departments, the outgoing council and adjutant general. The oath was administered by Acting President Ellis, of the senate, and he was proclaimed governor by the secretary of state. Gov. Smith then delivered his message.

Plausible and Sly.

Gov. Smith's message says that he will conscientiously strive to do the will of the people of Maine, and is mostly devoted to local matters, but hints that frauds have been perpetrated in elections in Maine, and compliments Garcelon.

Smith's Character and Probable Movements.

The action of the legislature was a surprise to Smith, who in an interview expressed his opinion that an election would not take place to-day. He felt plainly the gravity of the situation, and while he has an ambition to be governor of Maine, he wanted to be constitutionally chosen, and will discountenance all precipitate action. He evidently would have preferred to have had to-day's action postponed or at least until the court's decision was known. He thought that there was too much reckless talk by hot-headed men, and that it is not all confined to one side. Some of those who were counseling resistance to the legal authority of the state had little idea what they were saying. The general impression gathered from Major Smith's remarks was that should he qualify to-day, he would not be likely to perform any executive acts that he can possibly avoid, before the court is heard from. A curious fact came to light during the ballot in the convention for a member of the executive council. The printed ballot misspelled the names of two candidates. Edward C. Moody was called "Edwin," and J. B. Redman's name was changed to "Redmon." The errors were not discovered until the committee had retired and counted the vote. But before they reported a new ballot was ordered. At 1:30 both houses took a recess until 4 o'clock. A caucus to nominate other state officers will be held at 2:30 this afternoon.

Fighting shy of Pending Matters.

In the first proceedings of the senate Hobson presented a resolution reciting that it is the duty of congress to restrict the appointing power by placing the election of postmasters in the hands of the people, and placing the appointment of other government officers with the legislatures of the several states where the office is located, and take such other immediate action as may be necessary to prevent the use of money in elections; to prevent intimidation, and to secure to every person the unrestricted right and privilege of expressing his opinion at the ballot box without fear, molestation or bribery.

The Bribery Commission.

The bribery investigation continued but not beyond a mere circumstantial narration by Hon. Solon Chase and Harriman, as to their relations with Wallace R. White. Messrs. Wentworth, Cushing and Barker also testified to an attempted or supposed attempt at bribery in their cases.

Full Set of State Officers Chosen by the Fusionists.

At another joint session of the fusion legislature this afternoon, the following state officers were chosen: P. A. Sawyer, secretary of state; Charles A. White, treasurer; W. H. McClellan, attorney general; M. M. Folsom, adjutant general. Adjourned to 9 o'clock to-morrow.

The Republican Legislature.

The republican members will meet to-morrow afternoon, and in accordance with the decision of the supreme court will continue the work of legislation. Many fusion members are likely to take part with the Republicans.

Independent of Lamson.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—The *Times'* Augusta special says the situation at midnight is as follows: Gov. Lamson has ordered Chamberlain to reduce the police force at the state house. Chamberlain has issued an order to subordinates to that effect. Mayor Nash, civilian, with no jurisdiction over the state whatever, utterly refuses to obey said orders and officers. Chamberlain does not enforce them. Sheriff Libby was ordered to withdraw his men from the state house. He refuses to do so and they are retained on duty.

Lamson's Staff.

Acting Governor Lamson to-day appointed a staff which includes Major M. M. Folsom, adjutant general and chief of staff; Gen. Clark S. Edwards, of Bethel, inspector general; Dr. Piper of Thomaston, surgeon general; Major J. W. Channing of Fairfield, Dr. Horace Davis of Biddeford, Capt. R. W. Black of Augusta, and J. W. Black of Auburn aides; Major J. W. French of Eastport military secretary. H. M. Plaisted of Bangor was offered the position of judge advocate general, but declined.

The Supreme Court Solidly Sustains the Republicans—All Fusionist Proceedings Pronounced Null and Void.

BANGOR, Jan. 16.—A reply will be forwarded by the judicial court to-morrow morning, addressed to Hon. James A. Locke, president of the senate, and Hon. G. E. Weeks, president of the house of representatives, to their recent questions:

First—An election not being had by the electors of this state. The rights of the several persons voted for depends upon the votes cast in accordance with the constitution and laws of the state. It was the duty of the governor and council to declare it. Any other declaration is unauthorized and void. The governor and council examined the returns and undertook to declare the result as it appeared by the returns. Various questions involving the true construction of the constitution and statutes relating thereto arose. The governor, by virtue of his constitutional prerogative, called upon this court for its opinion upon questions propounded by the provisions of the constitution. The court was required to expound and construe provisions of the constitution and statutes involved. The opinion of the court was thus obtained in one of the modes provided in the constitution for an authoritative determination of important questions of law. The law thus determined is the conclusive guide of the governor and council in the performance of their ministerial duties. Any action on their part in determining the vote as it appears in the returns in violation of the provisions of the constitution and laws thus declared, is a usurpation of authority and must be held void. It only remains to apply those principles to the subjects embraced in the questions propounded. The governor and council have no right to summon a person to attend and take his seat in the senate or house who, by the returns before them, was not voted for, or being voted for was defeated. To summon one for whom no votes had been cast, would be a deliberate violation of official duty. To summon those whom the returns show as not elected, would be equally such a violation. Either would be intruders without rights in a legislative body. The summons given would be void. Grant them this power, and the rights of the people to elect their officers is at an end.

Third and fourth—The answer to the first question covers much of the ground embraced by the others. Holders of summons which are void for the reason that the governor and council failed to correctly perform their distinct obligation, have no right to take part in the organization of any subsequent proceeding of the house—they are not in fact members. But the members rightfully elected, as shown by the official returns and the opinion of the court upon the propositions heretofore given by the governor to the court, are entitled to appear and act in the organization of the house to which they belong, unless the house and senate in judging of the election and qualifications of members shall determine to the contrary. A member without a summons who appears to claim his seat as *prima facie*, entitled to equal consideration with a member who has a summons. He is not to be deprived of the position belonging to him on account of the dereliction of those whose duty was to have given him the usual summons. The evidence of that evidence may be supplied by other evidence of membership. The house and senate have the same right to consider and determine whether in the first instance such persons appear to have been elected, as they have of any and all persons who appear for the purpose of composing their respective bodies under the acts recited in the statements submitted to them.

By the statute of 1869 each house has the constitutional right to organize itself. The form provided for their aid and convenience in effecting an organization does not confer upon a temporarily presiding officer exclusive power. So far as the act of 1869 declares that no person shall be allowed to vote or take part in the organization of either branch of the legislature as a member unless his name appears upon a certified roll [illegible] constitution which declares that each branch shall be judge of the election and qualification of its members. It aims to control the action of each within its constitutional power, until a full organization with a majority to be determined and fixed. The governor and council, by their action in not granting certificates to men fairly declared elected, may constitute each house with a majority to suit their own purposes. This is changing and overpowering the popular will as honestly expressed by the ballot.

The doctrine of that act gives the executive department power to rob the people of the legislature they have chosen, and force upon them one to serve its own purposes. It puts in the very fountain of legislation and tends to corrupt the legislative department of the government. It strikes a death blow at the heart of popular government and renders its foundation [illegible] of the popular will of the people, as expressed by the ballot, a farce. Each house has the same power. It is charged with the same duty to declare the election of its own members, and organize in any legitimate way as before the passage of that act.

Fifth—Is answered to similar, but sustains the republican position, showing that the house might revise the action of the governor and council in the case alluded to, or that in case the governor and council refused to decide their cases according to law, that their action was null.

Sixth—If objection was made to the admission only of illegally summoned persons and the house ignored the same, then the organization of the house would be null and void. The senate may organize with less than a quorum when less than a quorum were elected, but not otherwise.

Seventh and eighth—Without legal organization and legal officers chosen by seventy-six members present and voting in the house, and sixteen members present and voting in the senate upon a given measure, no officers can be chosen, not a law passed, nor attendance of absentees compelled, nor business done except to adjourn. No less than seventy-six members can constitute a quorum of the house of representatives, nor less than sixteen of the senate.

Ninth Answer.—Not if the attention of the house is called to the fact that such persons are illegally summoned, and objection is seasonably made to the counting of such persons for the purpose of making up a quorum and the house does not act upon the question of their admissibility. By the constitution, art. 4, section 5, the senate shall, on the first Wednesday of January, annually determine who are elected by the plurality of votes cast by the senators in each district.

Tenth, Eleventh and Twelfth—These three questions refer to the qualifications of members by the administration of the required oath. The oath is to be taken and subscribed, in the presence of the governor and council. The clerk of the preceding house shall preside, unless the representatives-elect shall be qualified and elect a speaker, and if no quorum appear he shall preside and the representatives-elect present shall adjourn from day to day until a quorum appear and are qualified, and a speaker is elected. Qualifying oaths under the constitution or statute may be administered to members-elect of either branch in any numbers, though a quorum must appear and be qualified before proceeding to an election of speaker, and if the whole number of votes for speaker is less than a quorum, and there is nothing on record to show that a quorum was present and acting, there would be no election.

Thirteenth Answer: The governor's term of office and also that of his council expired at midnight following the first Wednesday of January, 1880. The terms of the other officers mentioned expire with the election of their successors.

Fifteenth—One whose only title to the presidency of the senate is by virtue of such an election, cannot become acting governor, because he is not the legal president of the senate.

Sixteenth and Seventeenth—Under the letter of the constitution it is at least doubtful whether the president of the senate is required to take a new oath before exercising the office of governor when that office has become vacant. A legally chosen president of the senate may become acting governor without the administration of any other qualifying oath than that which was taken in the office of senator.

Eighteenth—It appears from the statement of facts by members from the cities of Portland, Lewiston, Rockland, Bath, and [illegible] duly elected as well as by the returns before the governor and council, that by law summons should have been issued to them; that in fact no summons was issued. A motion was seasonably made that these members appearing by returns before the house, to have been duly elected, should be permitted to participate in its organization, but the assistant clerk refused to put the motion or entertain an appeal. By the constitution the returns were before the house. By those returns, the representatives above named appeared elected; their seats were not contested. The governor and council could not, without a violation of their constitutional duty, neglect to issue to them summons, nor the secretary of state to place their names on the certificate roll, which it was his duty to furnish. The governor and council could not legally withhold their summons from those appearing to be elected. They could not order summons to issue to some appearing to be elected and withhold it from others. Their election was patent on the inspection of the returns. The house in no way denied their right. The question whether their names should be added to the roll was not submitted to its determination owing to the act of the presiding clerk set forth. They appear to be and were elected, and it is not to be presumed that the house, knowing such facts, would have prohibited their acting, if the clerk had permitted the question to be put. These members had the right to take part in the organization of the house until it should otherwise determine.

Nineteenth—The house cannot legally organize or act under a certified roll of 139 names only, and giving no representation to the five cities named, provided the representatives of the cities appeared and claimed their seats and the house took no action whatever upon the question of their right to participate in the organization.

Twentieth—We answer in the affirmative, unless the house acted upon the question of their right to act as members and determine to the contrary.

Twenty-first and Twenty-second—Circumstances may exist which will justify and render legal such an organization of senate and such an organization of house. We think such organization would be justified and rendered legal by the existence of such circumstances as we have recited in the statements stated of facts submitted to us, and that such organizations effected under such circumstances would constitute a legal legislature, competent to perform all the functions constitutionally belonging to that department of our government. [illegible] are not requisite to an assertion of legal rights. They should be avoided whenever possible. They can never be justified except in cases of extreme necessity.

Twenty-three, Twenty-four, Twenty-five—The general provisions of the constitution. In article 9 certain oaths or affirmations are prescribed for persons elected, appointed or commissioned to the offices therein mentioned. It appears that those before whom the prescribed oaths were to be administered refused to act, and that now there is no existing governor and council before whom they can be administered. The oath is prescribed and the terms are essential. Its binding force depends upon the terms, not by the magistrate by whom administered. If there is no governor or council, or there being a governor or council, but they refuse to administer the oath to one representative or to all (for there can be a refusal to all equally as to one), what is the result? Can the government be destroyed or its action paralyzed because there is no governor or council before whom the prescribed oath is to be taken? We think not. The prescribed oath, from the necessity of the case, may be taken before a magistrate authorized to administer oaths. Members must be sworn before they can act. It is by their action that the governor and council thereafter is to be elected and the government continued. It cannot be presumed that the framers of the constitution had in contemplation that the oath had better not be administered at all than administered by another officer than the one designated therein. This is one of the most reliable tests by which to distinguish a directory from a mandatory provision.

Twenty-sixth—One who, under the circumstances named, returns his summons and resigns his seat thereby makes a vacancy in the house which is to assemble, which vacancy may be filled by a new election. One who has resigned cannot be recalled or compelled to be recalled, or compelled to act in the legislature.

Twenty-seventh—Regarding the failure of the election of officers to properly discharge their duties not being sufficient to invalidate an election and defeat the will of the people, has been published in a previous decision of the court in a similar question.

The News at Augusta.

AUGUSTA, Jan. 16.—Dispatches were received this evening stating that the superior court had solidly sustained the republicans in every position. Hundreds of republicans are in the city, and there is great rejoicing among them. The fusionists are correspondingly depressed. Some are urging the fusionists to resist the court, and go further and impeach the judges; but many fusionists announce their intention to yield. Twenty are known to be in favor of submitting. There is a division in their ranks.

The Council After Defeat.

AUGUSTA, Jan. 16.—Both houses met according to adjournment, and after reading the journals took a recess until 1 o'clock. It is doubtful if a quorum is present in the house. At least two members have gone home, and several others have not put in an appearance in the hall. It is understood that the fusionists have telegraphed for the opinion of Gen. Butler, Hon. Bradbury and other well known lawyers to offset the opinion of the supreme court and expect replies in season to lay before the members of their legislature upon reassembling on Tuesday next. The fusionists are quiet and will not talk much. There is a report that they will endeavor to compromise, but it is of doubtful authority. Some fusionists in the house have certainly weakened. At least two members of the house have said that they would not resist a decision of the supreme court, and the remarks of the senator from Aroostook yesterday indicate that he is of the same disposition. Lobbies are crowded with men mostly republicans who have come here from Bangor, Waterville, Bath and other large cities, ready to take a hand in case of necessity.

At the end of the recess in the house, Cushman, of Harrison made a speech recommending application to congress for aid in reopening attempts under the decision of the supreme court to drive this body from the state house.

[illegible] said: We stand to-day in a very critical condition. The clergy, money power, and the courts are against us. He believed that such a measure should be adopted for the submission of further questions to a court, giving a fair statement of the case, and hoped some other would suggest means whereby this might be effected. He noticed that several members who yesterday expressed willingness to shed their last drop of blood in defending their rights were absent to-day. (Applause and laughter.) But he believed that there were sensible men enough left to treat this question with the attention which its gravity deserved.

Ingalls of Wiscasset offered a joint order for the appointment of a committee of three to be joined by such as the senate may send, to take into consideration the situation of affairs, and report to the house the best method of procedure. The supreme court had [illegible] questions submitted by another tribunal. They say that that body was not legally constituted. He thought a statement of the case might be submitted.

He continued: We want peace, but we want our rights. Let us consult together as men knowing our rights, and determined to maintain them.

Knowles of Jay said that he believed the decision of the court was a partisan one, but he did not want to resist by force. There were other and peaceable means of meeting this crisis.

Knowles of Waldoboro said that his opinion was the same as Hill's, and he heartily indorsed his remarks.

Bradbury of Norway said: We are here legally and lawfully, but [illegible]. I was [illegible] the ballot box is sufficient to us, to that we must appeal. He heartily approved the proposed order and hoped it would pass.

Robinson of Thomaston also favored the passage of the order.

Chaplin of Skowhegan still advocated a resort to violence.

Ferry of Camden favored order in a speech of some length. His speech was greeted with applause, mingled with hisses from the rear of the hall.

Bradbury of Norway protested against the hisses as a breach of decorum, and hoped for the good name of the state that the sound would never be heard here again.

Ingalls moved an amendment to the order limiting the committee to members of the house, and leaving the senate to take independent action.

The order as amended was passed, and the speaker appointed Ingalls of Wiscasset, Robinson of Thomaston, Wilson of Orono, Whitman of Harrison, and Hill of Exeter members of the committee, and notice was given that this committee would meet at the Augusta House immediately after the house adjourned.

Both houses then met in joint convention, and the oath of office was administered to Chase, Frost, Priest and Whidden, councillors elect in the senate.

An order for the appointment of a committee of five to take into consideration the state of affairs existing and to report as early as possible on some course of procedure to be adopted, was offered by Senator Patten of Penobscot, and adopted.

The president pro tem. appointed as such committee Senators Patten of Penobscot, Thompson of Knox, Parent of Somerset, Strickland of Aroostook and Rankin of Oxford.

Caucus Nominations by the Republicans.

At 11:30 the republicans in caucus in Granite Hall made the following nominations: state treasurer, J. W. Bolger; attorney general, H. B. Cleaves; adjutant general, S. J. Gallagher; councillors, B. S. Bruno, Louis Barker, and John P. Hinckley.

Smith Disregards the Decision by the Court—He Revokes Garcelon's Orders—Intense Interest as to the Result.

AUGUSTA, Jan. 17.—The whole aspect of affairs has changed, and hopes of a peaceable solution of the dispute by the supreme court are blown to the winds by the action taken by the fusionists to-night. Soon after the points of the decision were received from Bangor, leading fusionists had a consultation with Gov. Smith and his staff, and before 10 o'clock the following order was issued.

STATE OF MAINE,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE.

The order assigning Gen. Joshua L. Chamberlain to the command of the volunteer militia is hereby revoked, "the special order dated Jan. 5, directing Gen. Chamberlain to protect the public property and the institutions of the state is hereby revoked. The commanding officers of all military organizations accepted into the service of the state are required to report to the commander in chief.

JOSEPH L. SMITH.

This order was taken to Gen. Chamberlain by Generals Folsom and Black, of the governor's staff. The general received it and replied that he would return his answer in the morning. Thus the matter rests. From what Chamberlain has said it is easy to infer what action he will be likely to take. Orders have been sent to commanding officers in every military company in the state, signed by Joseph L. Smith, announcing Chamberlain relieved from command, and directing them to obey no orders except from Smith. It is likely that Smith will neglect no means to assert his authority. Republicans will be as little inclined to yield as their opponents. The position of Gen. Chamberlain is most unenviable. It is believed that the affair will eventuate by noon to-morrow, but in what manner it is impossible to predict.

Mayor Nash stands like a Rock—He explains Smith's Status.

BOSTON, Jan. 17.—The *Herald's* Augusta special says that the police force on duty in the state house has apparently not been increased, but the occasional opening of the door of a room on the second floor, used as headquarters, reveals the fact that it is full of rough looking men carrying badges. Gen. Chamberlain's staff are all on duty and Mayor Nash was present all morning. The mayor regards Governor Smith's order as a harmless exhibition of rhetoric. "What can he do?" asks the mayor, and answering himself, said, "Smith has no authority which anybody will respect. He has no support from the supreme court. He can get no aid from the militia or sheriffs. He does not control the state treasury, and whatever funds he uses must come from private sources. He has no arms, and in fact it may be said he has no backing whatever of official character. If he attempts to turn Chamberlain out of the state house by force, his force will be the force of a mob and a mob would have an exceedingly warm reception here." When asked if he believed that there would be any breach of the peace the mayor said: "Certainly not on our part. If any act of violence is committed it must come from the other side. We are here to preserve peace, not to break it. We have protected both legislatures in the peaceful occupation of the legislative halls, and propose to interfere in no manner so long as they do not resort to violence."

Gen. Chamberlain stands Firm!

AUGUSTA, Jan. 17.—Gen. Chamberlain will pay no attention to the order of Gov. Smith, taking away his command of the militia. He will remain in the place assigned him, he says, until a governor is legally elected and qualified. The democrats talk threateningly and condemn the decision of the court.

Adjournment—Smith's Staff.

Both branches of the legislature adjourned to Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock. The members then quietly separated. It is the general opinion that neither branch as constituted will ever meet again. The decree in the senate was for submission to the decrees of the court. Smith has appointed the following staff: adjutant general, M. M. Folsom; inspector general, Clark S. Edwards; quartermaster general, E. W. French; surgeon general, A. F. Piper; judge advocate general, Richard W. Black; commissary general, J. H. Blood of Auburn.

Chamberlain's Answer to Smith.

Gen. Chamberlain has issued the following order in response to that of Smith:

HEADQ'RS FIRST DIV. MAINE MILITIA,
AUGUSTA, Jan. 17, 1880.

Hon. Joseph L. Smith—SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of a notice served on me this evening by Messrs. Black and Blood, representing themselves as on your personal staff, which notice purports to be general order No. 2, adjutant general's office, relieving me from the command of the militia of Maine and revoking special order No. 45 which charges me with the duty of protecting the public property and institutions of the state until a governor should be duly qualified. While the matter is in issue which involves the question of whether you are governor or not, it must be manifest to you that I should fail in duty were I to surrender my trust except on undoubted evidence of your authority to demand it. If you are the lawful governor you can easily relieve all embarrassment by affording me the authoritative decision of the court, to which I am and always have been ready to yield prompt obedience. I cannot but add that the custom of the service to say nothing of the grave complication of the present situation, gives me the right to expect you will furnish proper evidence of your authority. I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JOSHUA L. CHAMBERLAIN,
Major General.

Proceedings of the Republican House—Two Fusionists Come In.

AUGUSTA, Jan. 17.—The republican house was called to order at 2:30 by Speaker Weeks and prayer was offered. The representatives' hall was packed with men, every inch of the surrounding seats being occupied by standing men, while the galleries were a solid mass of human beings. The taking up of passes at the outer doors was abandoned at this time, the police being removed to the foot of the staircase and doors of the two houses. Just as the prayer was ended Blaine came upon the floor of the house and was received with the utmost enthusiasm, men getting upon chairs and desks and waving hats and handkerchiefs, while they rent the air with cheers and shouts. Business was entirely suspended for a few minutes and it was some time before anything like order could be restored. Lot Morrill and Eugene Hale followed Blaine and received greeting scarcely less cordial though not so loud. The republican members were all present with a few exceptions. Knowles, of Bradford and Temple of Edington fusion members, came in and took the seats they had occupied in the first house, and were greeted with applause.

The reading of the house journal concluded, on motion the speaker appointed fourteen members with such of the senate as may join the committee, on gubernatorial votes. Knowles of Bradford wished to be excused, and Cutler of Bangor was appointed in his place.

The rules of last year were adopted.

It was also ordered that the house hold one session daily, beginning at 10 A. M.

The Militia will remain true to Chamberlain.

J. N. Hersch, captain of the Montgomery Guards, in reply to General Chamberlain's circular to company commanders, telegraphed him that he should obey his orders until the decision of the court was given. Every company except the old town company say the same.

Smith Rampant—Comment by Republicans and Fusionists—The Fusionist Government to be set up at Saco in case of Trouble.

SACO, Jan. 18.—Ex-Secretary of State Gove arrived from Augusta on the midnight train and states that Joseph L. Smith declares, "I have been chosen, and by God I will be governor." This most of the fusionists applaud, and laugh at the decision of the supreme court and say they will support Smith in whatever he may do. On the other hand, republicans are no less resolute to adhere at any cost to what they say is the right side of the law. There is no mistaking the fact that deep and bitter feelings are being engendered, and no one knows what an hour may bring forth. Repeated declarations of fusionists in authority, that their government will be removed, in case of fighting, to this city where the public officers will protect them, causes much talk here.

A Fuss Over Nothing.

BANGOR, Jan. 17.—There is much excitement in this city over an alleged attempt to remove arms from the armory of republican headquarters [illegible], and the counter charge that the fusionists intend to abstract the arms. The excitement was groundless, as neither party intends to remove the arms, but to prevent others from doing so if removals should be attempted.

Would like an Opportunity to "Quietly Disperse."

AUGUSTA, Jan. 18.—Hon. John C. Talbot, speaker of the fusion house, in an interview this evening declared the unchanged purpose of the fusionist legislature to assemble at the state house at 4 o'clock Monday afternoon, when the report of the committee on the future course of the legislature will be presented. This committee is not in session here, but its members have gone home, after having been instructed by him to prepare an individual statement of what appears to them to be the proper policy to pursue. None of the committee members are, said by Speaker Talbot to be in favor of asking recognition by congress. He says further that nothing would better suit the fusionist legislature than to be refused the use of the legislative hall, and that in such an event no resistance would be offered, but that the legislature will quietly disperse and abide by events.

The Fusionists Want a Chance to "Crow out Gracefully."

Fusionist Governor Smith says that some of his party are yet disposed to make trouble, but he himself is only desirous of withdrawing as gracefully as possible under the circumstances. Leading fusionists here say that their cause is wrecked.

A Straight-Out.

Wm. Sargent has declined an appointment on Gov. Smith's staff, being a straight democrat and unwilling to endorse the governor's questionable actions.

Proceedings of the Republican Senate.

At 3 o'clock in the house the answers of the supreme court to the questions propounded by the legislature were received and read by the assistant clerk. The republican members elect of the senate and fusionists of the seats therein who organized on Monday and adjourned until to-day, reassembled accordingly. Senators were tardy in coming together, but at half past 2 were called by President Locke, of Portland. Senator Abbott, of Penobscot, and one or two other fusionists occupied seats in the rear of the chamber, but not the desks to which they are entitled. The half-dozen spectators in the gallery presented a striking contrast to the crowd in the house. Rounds of cheering and hand clasping from the house occasionally reached the senate chamber and disturbed its stillness. After prayer by the chaplain the journal was read and a committee of seven on senatorial votes was appointed, on motion of Hawes, of Cumberland and a committee of five on gubernatorial votes.

The Republican Legislature Elects Dan'l F. Davis Governor, and Chooses a Full Council—Davis' Inauguration.

AUGUSTA Jan. 17.—The house committee on gubernatorial votes reported as follows: Whole number of votes, 138,806; necessary to a choice, 69,401. Daniel F. Davis received 68,967; Joseph L. Smith, 47,675; Alonzo Garcelon, 21,851; Bion Bradbury, 264; remainder scattering for several candidates. No choice.

The house then proceeded to the selection of two names to be sent to the senate. The whole roll was called, and each member as his name was called, coming forward and depositing a ballot. As Sprague, of Veasie, who had deserted the fusionists, came forward there was tremendous applause. He voted for Daniel F. Davis. The result of the balloting was, Daniel F. Davis, 88; Bion Bradbury, 87; Alonzo Garcelon, 1. The names of Daniel F. Davis and Bion Bradbury were sent to the senate which was crowded as it has not been before during the controversy. When the vote was taken for governor, nineteen votes were thrown and all for Davis, who was declared by the president the legally chosen governor of the state. Several fusion members were present but none participated.

The announcement was followed by applause. A joint convention was then held for the election of 7 executive councillors, resulting in the choice of the following gentlemen by a vote of 102: First district, Roscoe L. Bowers; second, Frederick Robie; third, Jos. T. Hinkley; fourth, Wm. Wilson; fifth, Jas. T. Pendleton; sixth, Lewis Barker; seventh, Samuel N. Campbell. Samuel J. Chadbourne was chosen secretary of state, receiving 105 votes. Afterward Chadbourne and Barker, Bowers, Pendleton and Wilson of the council were qualified.

At 6:45 P. M. another convention was formed. The people had waited for this, not a man moving from the densely packed hall. A committee representing both branches waited upon Governor elect Davis and soon reported that he would report and attend upon the convention to take the oath of office, attended by the council, amid great applause.

After quiet had been restored, Gov. Davis, in an impressive manner, took the oath of office and delivered an address.

A Peaceful Report.

BOSTON, Jan. 17.—A firm of dealers in arms reports that it has been in communication with Gen. Chamberlain for several days past, but no order for arms or ammunition has been received from him. The firm state that they would not in any way be instrumental in forcing an aggravation of civil strife.

CONGRESSIONAL.

House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16

Sparks, chairman of the committee on military affairs, reported a resolution calling on the secretary of war for information as to the number, rank, names and annual pay of every officer on the retired list of the army. Adopted.

The speaker then called the committees for reports of a private nature.

At the expiration of the morning hour the house went into committee of the whole on the private calendar.

Morton presented a petition of the Central and South American Cable Co., asking aid in the form of a contract for government messages to establish telegraphic communication between the United States, Central and South America, via the Gulf of Mexico, the Isthmus of Tehuantepec and Pacific ocean. Referred to the committee on commerce.

The first bill on the calendar was one returning Charles Clinton, late assistant treasurer at New Orleans the sum of $[illegible], being the amount stolen from him in 1871, and referred by him to the United States. The bill was opposed by Price, Cannon, Keefer and others on the ground that it was not shown that due care had been taken in guarding the money from robbers, and was advocated by Carlisle, Dunnell, Garfield, Tucker and others, who asserted that a reasonable degree of care had been observed.

A somewhat extended debate followed, confined principally to the question of whether congress should act upon such a case, whether the principle should be established that no relief should be extended to any bonded officer of the government for losses sustained by him in the discharge of his official duties. Finally a vote was reached and the committee refused, 62 to 72, to report the bill favorable to the house.

The committee rose. The house adjourned until Monday.

NEW PLAN OF ELECTING THE PRESIDENT.

Statement of a proposed Constitutional Amendment now before a Committee.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—A sub committee of the house select committee on state law respecting the ascertainment and declaration of the result of the election of president and vice president to-day decided to report favorably to the full committee the joint resolution introduced by representative Beckwell, providing for an amendment to the constitution on the selection of President and vice president. A meeting of the full committee will be called early next week, and the report of the sub-committee will probably be adopted without amendment, and the resolution be favorably reported to the house. The amendment contemplates the election of the president and vice president by the people of the several states, and prescribes the manner of counting the votes and determining the questions of a contest. The electoral votes and fraction thereof of each person voted for as president in any state shall be ascertained by multiplying his entire popular vote there by the number of the state's electoral votes, and dividing the product by the sum of all the votes given in the state for president, and the quotient shall be the number of electoral votes and fraction thereof to be assigned to such person using for such fraction three decimals only. The foregoing provisions shall be applicable to the election of vice president; but no person eligible to the office of president shall be eligible as vice president. In the case of a contest in any state as to the election of president or vice president, the same may be passed upon by its highest judicial tribunal, in accordance with its laws. The decision thereof shall be by it certified and transmitted sealed direct to the president of the senate. The electoral votes shall be counted by the two houses and certified, unless rejected by both houses. But if there be a certificate of decision by the highest judicial tribunal of any state upon a contested election therein, the electoral votes of such state shall be counted in accordance with such decision unless the same be overruled by both houses. If there be no such certificate of decision the contested votes from any of the states shall not be deemed counted unless both houses concur therein. If there be more than one certificate of electoral votes from any state, such judicial decision, or if there be more than one such decision from any state, in either case, that certificate of electoral votes or that decision which shall be held by both houses to be made by rightful authority shall be counted accordingly unless rejected by both houses.

The above are the main points of difference between the present mode and that prescribed by the proposed constitutional amendment.

NEVADA.

New Strikes on the Comstock.

VIRGINIA CITY, Jan. 16.—The *Chronicle* this evening publishes the following: In conversation Capt. John Kelly said that a very fine prospect had been encountered 80 feet below the 750 foot level in Lady Bryan. At this point a hand drill was this morning driven in ten feet. The first four feet disclosed nothing, but the last six feet showed rock giving an average of $50 to the ton—$30 in silver and $20 in gold. The rock is very hard and the ore at the bottom of the hole is of the same character as where first struck. There is no diamond drill in the mine and the foot is about as far ahead as a hand drill can be sent. The next information from [illegible] to-night is that the east crosscut on the 2100 foot level, has [illegible] in that direction [illegible] the present ore body, and beyond the hole is 12 feet of porphyry.

CANADA.

Changes in the Canadian Ministry.

TORONTO, Jan. 16.—The following changes in the Dominion parliament have been decided upon: Masson, to be president of the privy council; O'Connor, postmaster general; Alexander Campbell, minister of militia.

Federation, Annexation or Independence.

MONTREAL, Jan. 16.—The Club Cartiers, an organization of French Canadian conservatives, is following the example of the United Economy Club, and at its next meeting proposes to discuss federation, annexation or independence.

FOREIGN NEWS.

[BY CABLE TO THE OREGONIAN.]

THE DISTRESS IN IRELAND.

Davitt to a N. Y. Paper—Receipt of Funds from America.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—Michael Davitt telegraphs to papers here this:

DUBLIN, Jan. 16.—Thomas Brennan, Daly, Killen and myself, have been summoned before the queen's bench. The [illegible] will be opened, but will be postponed till next March. Process servers on disturbers in the west are over for the present. If the landlords persist in evicting the people will be driven to resistance. There have been fourteen meetings since New Year's day, every one of which has been attended by thousands attesting the determination and resolve that animates the people. The movement is gaining solidity. It is rumored, but nothing definite is known, that the English government will offer aid for distress in Ireland at the opening of parliament. The cable dispatch by Parnell to us was received by the Irish National Land League yesterday, and will be distributed to-morrow among twenty districts from the coast of Kerry to Donegal, by the clergy and branches of the Land League established throughout that distance. The Duchess of Marlborough is the wife of the lord lieutenant of Ireland. She has been raising a fund also, and it is now being distributed through landlords and the workhouse agency to those only who have taken no part in the agitation. There is a favorable change in the tone of the Irish *Times* regarding the land question. Special reports of the reception to Parnell in America fill its columns to-day. The Land League received three hundred pounds through the Irish workmen from Virginia City, Nevada, and also one hundred pounds from Oakland, California, and one hundred pounds from San Francisco for the distressed, all of which will be immediately applied.

The Prosecution of Irish Agitators.

DUBLIN, Jan. 16.—Writs have been served on Davitt, Daly, Killen and Brennan, indicted for sedition, being returnable to-day. They attended the crown office and were informed that they still have four days before surrendering. The proceedings connected with their surrender will be formal and private. Many formalities, probably occupying a week, must be observed before their trials can be commenced.

Death from Starvation in Kilkenny.

DUBLIN, Jan. 17.—One woman has died of starvation in Kilkenny. There is a large influx to Kilkenny of tramps from distressed districts, and in consequence of the inefficiency of the police, numerous burglaries are committed.

FRENCH AFFAIRS.

The Ministerial Statement Read Before The Chamber of Deputies.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—A ministerial statement was read in chambers to-day. It is to the effect that the change made in the cabinet does not indicate the abandonment of a prudent policy which is the most suitable to the internal affairs of France, but that it indicates that France may henceforth advance with decision in the path of necessary reforms and successive improvements. The government will apply itself to realizing these forms without precipitation or vacillation, and it relies upon the energetic support of the chambers. Events have raised a certain number of questions which cannot be left in suspense without injuring the interests of the country. For each one of these the government intends to bring forward a solution. This declaration was much cheered by the left. The statement further announced that the government would ask the senate to vote bills relative to public instruction, already adopted by the chamber of deputies, and which should be completed by a law upon primary instruction adopted in conformity with the wishes of the country. It would be the duty of the government to make good selections of heads of administrative affairs and bring firm and vigilant regulations to bear directly upon all lower officials. The ministerial statement then continues: "We shall adhere to the bill of our predecessors relative to the rights of public meetings, and we will introduce and pass a bill based upon the broadest views of freedom, but not proclaiming impunity, because we regard it as unwise to expose the republic to attacks and outrages which no government ever tolerated." It then mentions a vast programme of public works, the settlement of the customs system, and the completion of the army organization, as the accomplishment of which will worthily crown the labors of the present legislature. The statement continues: "As for ourselves, as faithful executors of your decisions we shall apply the laws with such moderation, impartiality and liberal spirit as will procure for the nation the indispensable blessings of peace and tranquility. We shall be firm, but conciliatory, because we desire not to exclude but to reclaim. [Cheers from the left, and ironical laughter from the right.] We desire to found a republic, into which all good Frenchmen may eventually enter. You will aid us in this noble task, so that when your legislative period terminates you will have the right to say, and the voice of the people will repeat in after years, that the time has been well spent, and you will deserve well of your country." The statement was well received, especially in the chamber of deputies. It makes no reference to a foreign policy.

How the Programme was Received.

The ministerial programme, read in the chamber yesterday, was received somewhat coldly in the senate by the left centre, while the pure and advanced left applauded references to the educational bill and the magistracy, and also the close of the programme. The galleries of the senate were only half full. In the chamber of deputies the programme was greeted with sufficient favor to reassure the friends of the cabinet.

The Amnesty Question.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—One of the leading features of the ministerial programme is its silence about the plenary amnesty question.

Personal.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—Jules Favre, statesman and senator, is dangerously ill.

SPAIN.

The Half Way Abolition in Cuba.

MADRID, Jan. 16.—In the chamber of deputies to-day the minister of colonies, replying to arguments of opponents of the abolition bill, maintained that the exercise of control by the masters over the blacks after emancipation did not amount to a perpetuation of their slavery. He deplored the absence of some Cuban deputies from participation in the sessions while the Cuban questions are being discussed, and promised to grant liberty to the press of Cuba.

Disastrous Landslide in Spain.

MADRID, Jan. 16.—A landslide has destroyed the village of Alcala Del Jucar, in the province of Albacete. Several persons were killed and fifty families made homeless.

The Old Plea.

MADRID, Jan. 16.—Counsel employed to defend Gonzales, who lately attempted the life of King Alfonso, has demanded the examination of his client's mental condition.

RUSSIA.

The Russians Defeated.

BERLIN, Jan. 17.—It is stated upon high authority that news has been received from Persia announcing a second defeat of the Russians [illegible] in consequence [illegible].

Russia will Make her own Rifles.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—[illegible] American firms who have been here for weeks on business connected with the war department have been told that not a single rifle would be ordered from abroad.

ITALY.

Yellow Jack.

ROME, Jan. 17.—Quarantine has been ordered against vessels from Venezuela and Columbia, in consequence of yellow fever.

Germany and the Vatican.

ROME, Jan. 16.—The [illegible] believes it is in a position to state that an agreement has been reached between Germany and the Vatican.

THE PESTH RIOT.

Popular Demonstration Feared.

VIENNA, Jan. 16.—Should Herr Verhovay, the journalist who was wounded by Baron Maithenyi in a duel which recently took place at Pesth, die, there is reason to fear that a great public demonstration will be made at his funeral.

Bribed to Raise a Row.

PESTH, Jan. 16.—Forty persons, mostly boys have been arrested. They confessed that they had been bribed to make a disturbance. It is the general belief that the ringleaders of the movement have not been traced.

Off for Home.

VIENNA, Jan. 17.—Count Tisza, president of the Hungarian council, suddenly left for Pesth Friday, in consequence of rumors that the populace would storm a club of the nobility in that city to-night.

Worldly and Holy.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—Lord Reasange has issued a fresh citation against Rev. Alex. Mackonochie, of St. Alban's church, Holborn, in view of a suit to deprive him of his benefice.

Bismarck's Health.

BERLIN, Jan. 16.—Bismarck is much improved in health.

GEN. FITZ JOHN PORTER.

Bills to be Introduced by the House Military Committee—The Majority Report Reinstates him in the Army and Awards him $75,000 in Amend.

[SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The house committee on military affairs to-day took action on the case of General Fitz John Porter. The democratic members all voted to recommend the passage of a bill based upon the measure introduced by Representative Bragg, containing several important features of the amendment adopted on his motion to-day. The republican members voted for a substitute prepared by Representative McCook, providing simply for Gen. Porter's restoration to his former rank in the army without back pay or other pecuniary award, and not agreeing with the assertion of the majority bill that injustice was done him at the time of his dismissal. The majority report will embody the report of the Schofield board of inquiry and will be presented early next week by the chairman of the committee, Representative Sparks. The first section of the majority bill recites that the finding and sentence of a general court martial in the case of Major General Fitz John Porter, late major general of volunteers and colonel in U. S. army, are hereby set aside, revoked and annulled, and the disqualifications of Fitz John Porter thereunder are hereby removed, said finding and sentence having been based in error and without due knowledge of the facts in the case.

Section 2d restores Gen. Porter to all the rank, rights, title and privileges to which he would be entitled if there had been no court martial, and in conformity to a recommendation of the board of officers convened by special order, provided he shall not be entitled to nor receive any pay or allowances as an officer while not in the service of the United States.

Section 3d declares that the colonelcy of the 15th infantry, held by Gen. Porter in January, 1863, having been filled by regular promotion and confirmation by the senate, the position of colonel to be held by Gen. Porter will be supernumerary until a vacancy shall occur in the army, when he will be assigned to that position and the supernumerary colonelcy shall cease to exist.

Section 4th says: "If Gen. Porter shall so elect, the president of the United States may retire him on the rank of major general, the rank held by him while in service.

Section 5th requires the secretary of the treasury to pay Gen. Porter out of money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of $75,000 accorded by the government as a measure of an amend in acknowledgement of the wrong done to and suffered by him through his dismissal from the army and deprivation from the rights of citizenship upon charges now established to be unfounded, as well as to reimburse him for his great expenses incurred in the vindication of his character and conduct as an officer and soldier from the disgrace and obloquy now shown to have been unjustly cast upon him by the government."

The minority report will take the ground that the testimony and condition of the country at the time of Gen. Porter's trial, justified their finding of the court martial with the light then before them.

CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

Default of an Official.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 16.—B. T. Kennedy, lately an official of this county, left for Leadville, Colorado. A rumor is now afloat that he is a defaulter, and not only so but that he went to Colorado or Mexico with a well known female. His deficit is placed at $20,000, and his friends and bondsmen say he is a defaulter and have seized his property and are secured. His bondsmen are for $10,000 each and Sheriff Hunter and Jacob H. Walter are his bondsmen. The county authorities say that the deficit, if any exists, will be found in the registry of the county court costs, which he should have collected. It is charged that these costs were collected and not returned. Kennedy has a wife and family here.

Murder at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—A prostitute named Lottie Robinson was murdered last night by Geo. W. Stratton. Stratton was arrested and has confessed his guilt.

Fraud Punished.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 17.—Thomas Stewart, Sydney B. Thomas, Mark N. Falcon and John Boyd have been convicted of making fraudulent election returns. Defendants not appearing, their bail was forfeited.

Robbery.

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—As E. B. Wells, paymaster of the South Side Gas Light & Coke Co., was riding along Deering street, this afternoon in a buggy, three masked men assaulted him, knocked him senseless with a slungshot, secured $4000 in gold and silver and escaped in a buggy taken from the street in front of a grocery store in which its owner was trading.

Not Guilty.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Police Officer John Nugent, who has been tried for the past few days on a charge of complicity in the robbery of the Manhattan Savings Institution of three million dollars in cash and bonds, has been declared by a jury not guilty. The jury was out all night.

Burglary.

JACKSONVILLE, Ill., Jan. 16.—Burglars broke into several stores last night at Marysville, ten miles south of here, and secured several hundred dollars and started a fire, which destroyed three buildings.

Murder Case Postponed.

BALLSTON, N. Y., Jan. 16.—The Billings murder case has been postponed till April 13th.

A Woman Outraged and Brutally Murdered.

AYER, Mass., Jan. 18.—Mrs. Maria L. Crew, 28 years of age and the wife of Joseph Crew living on Libby farm, near Groton Bridge in this state, was outraged and murdered yesterday. The husband left home about noon and returned at about 5 in the evening finding the house locked, curtains drawn and no light. Noticing the hatchway partly open, he entered that way, went to the kitchen, lighted a lamp and found his wife lying dead in a bed room covered over with a quilt. She was shot three times in the face and once in the chest. [illegible] the afternoon on an errand, and Mrs. Crew told him that she had had a caller who wanted [illegible]. She was sitting in a rocking chair on the opposite side of the room from the stranger. [illegible]

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The Daily Oregonian

MONDAY MORNING JAN [illegible] 1880

THE DEMOCRATIC ADDRESS

[illegible] as [illegible] of the states [illegible] democratic party [illegible] south [illegible] is to be interpreted by the [illegible] of experience [illegible] When [illegible] like Gen Lane talk [illegible] subject we have means of knowing exactly what they mean. Through their past history and through events in which they bore conspicuous part we have precise information as to their intention and meaning when they come forth as champions of the doctrine of state supremacy and as assailants of the authority and powers of the national government. Theirs is simply the confederate idea. It is the heresy on which secession was founded and the southern confederacy established. It is the same negation of national authority which produced the state sovereignty rebellion. We have heard from Gen Lane on this subject before. For logical development and interpretation of the address to which his name is now appended we have only to turn to the elaborate speech he delivered in the senate of the United States on the 2d of March 1861. That speech was a studied exaltation of the pretensions and powers of the states and a furious attack on the authority of the national government. Gen Lane it appears is still as solicitous for his democratic confederate dogmas as he was 19 years ago. Many had supposed that he had grown more liberal and less partisan with age but in this address there is substantially a reassertion and defense of the very same heresies he upheld in former times. Before us is a copy of the last speech he delivered ere he retired to private life. Reading in connection with it the address to which his name is now attached we find that he stands precisely where he did in 1861. This address commits him afresh to the same doctrines. On this scheme of things there can be no national government with any authority to maintain or enforce. The states are paramount, as Gen Lane maintained when he insisted that it was pestilential heresy to say that the general government had any powers it could enforce against the will or authority of the states.

The history of '60-61 shows to what results the doctrines of this address must always lead. It has been proven by abundant experience that it is impossible to maintain a national government on the dogmas to which Gen Lane and his associates would now commit their party anew. The authors of the address do not state the whole consequences of their position. But that would be unnecessary since these consequences can be read by the clear light of a history so recent as to be contained within the memory of most persons living. On former occasions Gen Lane has told us all about it. "If," said he on the 2d March, 1861, "if the people of a state, believing themselves oppressed, undertake to establish a government independent of that to which they formerly owed allegiance, and the latter interferes with the movement and employs force to prevent such a consummation, no one who acknowledges the great truth that the basis of all free government is the consent of the governed, will deny that such interference is an act of usurpation and tyranny." Again, "I think for the sake of consistency with all my past professions as a democrat, I am bound to respect the declared will of sovereign states which, for reasons satisfactory to themselves, have seceded from the union and established a separate and independent government. Whatever the causes may have been which impelled them to a separation from the other states, I am bound to respect the expression of their sovereign will, and I heartily reprobate the policy of attempting to thwart that will under the pretense of 'punishing treason' and 'enforcing the laws.'" Here we have Gen Lane's democratic principles plainly stated. These he their infallible consequences. Affirmance of state supremacy and denial of national authority, as in the speech of 1861 and in the address now issued, present the only real danger which has ever confronted the country.

For, though the address tells us that the just rights and powers of the states are assailed and threatened, the assertion is without actual foundation. There is no attack on the right of local self government. The states still possess all their rightful powers unimpaired. In their local affairs there is no interference whatever by the national government. But the principle is upheld against the confederate wing of the democratic party, and will be upheld, that this is a nation and not a league of states, that in its powers and duties the national government is not subject to state limitation or control, and that it is within the province of the national government and is its bounden duty besides, to protect all its citizens and see that they are deprived by the pretensions of state authority of no rights belonging to them as citizens of the United States.

It would have been better for the democratic party had it allowed the false theories which this address reaffirms to be buried in the same grave with the southern confederacy. No good can come to the party or the country from keeping these notions of an obsolete Bourbon period before the public mind. The democratic cause can gain nothing by keeping alive the strife between the national and the confederate ideas. This address tells us that "the recent extra session of congress has passed into history as the occasion of a contest between these two ideas." True, but what was the result? Does the democratic party want any further experience of that kind? The endorsement by this address of the course pursued by the party in the extra session is especially injudicious and harmful. It is a touch which shows the proverbial democratic incapacity for avoiding blunders and for seeing and doing the wise thing. All sagacious observers see how great a blunder the extra session was. It beat the party last year in every northern state and if the measures of the extra session are to be the issues for the coming presidential election the democratic party will simply be annihilated. The party managers in congress are sagacious enough to see this. Hence so far they have not permitted any revival of the discussion on the issue which this Oregon address says is the burning question for the struggle of 1880.

If the democratic party really wants to win the further it can get away from the dogmas of his address the better will be its chance. It never will win by making a straight issue for the confederate theory of government.

THE SITUATION IN MAINE

It is the remarkable success which the democratic party has had in fraudulent practices in the southern states that begets the [illegible] in Maine. For years Mississippi has been controlled by fraud and violence and what is witnessed in Maine is part [illegible] front of the same positions [illegible] the party has done quite as [illegible] the will of the majority in Maine [illegible] In the [illegible] attack on our system of government. The course which [illegible] will have the inevitable result of weak[illegible] the [illegible] in our system and [illegible] are an other phase of [illegible] which [illegible] when the people of a large section broke out in open rebellion against the result of an election. Now in fear of open rebellion it is an attempt to [illegible] count out. What has been done in Maine is one of many signs that [illegible] to be the chief dependence of those who have the management of the democratic party for success in the coming presidential contest. The complacency with which the thick and thin democratic press regard this audacious attempt in Maine instead of denouncing it as the wanton attack it is on the fundamental principles of our system of government is an indication of the [illegible] prevalence — in spite of all professions in favor of fair play — of a disposition that would wrong [illegible].

But the attempted usurpation in Maine will fail. Again the supreme court of the state has declared against it. The pretended government which the conspirators have founded in fraud has no recognized authority and must fall to pieces. Nobody obeys the governor whom it assumes to have elected. It is probable that the lawfully elected members of the legislature including those who were so infamously counted out will shortly elect an executive and organize the state government. This government, if resisted will employ force and subjugate the conspirators and insurgents. The affair is rapidly tending towards a point where somebody is likely to get hurt. It is certain that the so called government founded on the fraudulent count will be overthrown. It cannot stand. And it is quite useless for the conspirators to appeal to congress to support it. Congress can do nothing. It has no executive power.

The people of Maine ought to put these matters to rights and then proceed at once against the ringleaders of this infamous proceeding for conspiracy and treason. For so great a crime a dozen of them ought to be promptly hanged.

There is something as oracular as the utterances of Bunsby in that portion of the democratic address which declares that public and private debts must be honestly met and paid in money. But the question which agitates the party is what is money? On this the address throws no light. New York democrats say it is gold. Ohio and Indiana democrats, and not a few in Oregon, say flat paper will fill the bill. It would be better for the party to dodge state sovereignty and meet the money question fairly.

Inquiry is made by several readers of THE OREGONIAN as to the past political history of Gov Garcelon of Maine. We know nothing of him further than that he was democratic candidate for governor of that state in 1878, and was elected by the legislature because the republicans preferred him to the greenback candidate, as he professed to be a hard money man.

An institution in London lately advertised for a secretary at a salary of £300 per annum and among the applicants were two members of parliament twenty-five clergymen and seventy-three retired military and naval officers besides a large number of ordinary persons the applications amounting altogether to over three hundred. Go west, young man, go west.

The democratic address demands "an honest vote and a fair count." Let us give the authors of this address proper credit for the courage with which they administer a rebuke to their party in Maine.

The evangelist Moody has rented a house in St Louis for six months. He has found a big nest of sinners and he proposes to stay by them.

ACTING GOVERNOR CHAMBERLAIN.

Something of his Character and Career—A Strong Man for Perilous Times

PORTLAND Oregon Jan 18 1880

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

The most conspicuous figure in the "Maine Muddle" just now is Gen. Chamberlain, who is virtually dictator, and, in fact a sort of gubernatorial Warwick. As little is known here about his previous career, it may not be amiss to present a brief sketch of his life and public services. Joshua Lawrence Chamberlain was born in Bangor, Maine, Sept 8, 1828 and was graduated from Bowdoin college in 1852 and from the Bangor Theological Seminary in 1855. In his boyhood he attended a military academy at Ellsworth Maine, and the training there received stood him in good stead in late years. From 1855 to 1862 he was a professor in Bowdoin college. In the latter year he was appointed Lieutenant Colonel of the 20th Maine infantry, of which regiment Gen Adelbert Ames was colonel and on the promotion of Ames to be brigadier general in May, 1863 Chamberlain became colonel and led the regiment with great distinction at Gettysburg capturing in a single charge, three hundred rebels including a colonel and twelve commissioned officers.

In subsequent battles the colonel and his regiment won fame, and on June 6 1864, he was assigned to the command of a brigade. In leading a desperate assault on the enemy's lines in front of Petersburg on the 18th of June 1864 he was severely wounded, and was promoted on the field by Gen Grant to the rank of brigadier general for his gallantry.

His wound kept him from active service until January 1865, when he returned to the front and led the advance in the series of battles which culminated in Lee's surrender, April 9, 1865.

The fighting of those few days was fierce and determined, and Gen Chamberlain was twice wounded, but refused to leave the field. Always at the head of his men, he urged the pursuit with resistless vigor and loved ten days of continuous march and battle with the honor of being present at the conference preliminary to the surrender. At the final yielding up of Lee's army the division commanded by Gen Chamberlain was designated to receive the arms and colors, and afterward led the advance in the triumphal entry into Richmond and at the grand review in Washington.

During his period of service, Gen Chamberlain commanded troops in twenty-four battles eight reconnoisances and in skirmishes without number. With his own command alone he fought five independent engagements every one of which was successful, against superior numbers. He captured in battle twenty-seven hundred prisoners and eight battle flags. He was six times wounded three times narrowly escaping with his life. Immediately after the surrender he was made the subject of a special communication to headquarters by Gen. Griffin his corps commander recommending him for promotion to the full rank of major general for his conduct in the closing scenes of the war. This was approved by Gen Meade and Gen Grant.

Returning to Maine after the war, he was in 1866 elected governor and continued in that office by successive re elections until 1870 when declining longer service, he was chosen president of Bowdoin College.

As the ranking major general of the Maine militia, he has been called upon to take a prominent part in the recent troubles and fortunate is it for the state and the country at large that a man so brave earnest determined, and conscientious as Joshua L Chamberlain was placed in a position calling for the exercise of such high qualities. Would it not be well for Maine to present as her favorite son one whose name begins with C instead of B? X Y Z

Truss Bridges

The bridge over the river Tay in Scotland, was 10,612 feet in length, or 50 feet more than two miles. It consisted of 85 spans of varying extent eleven of the longest being 245 feet each. The bridge as a whole was the largest in the world but there are many bridges in this country with longer spans. On this point the St Louis *Globe-Democrat* presents some interesting facts.

There are ten truss bridges [illegible] the Mississippi above St Louis which are [illegible] regarded as very wonderful structures [illegible] seven of them have spans as long as those of the Tay bridge. The bridges at [illegible] Crosse, Dubuque, Keokuk and Hannibal have spans [illegible] that at [illegible] span which gave way at St Charles was [illegible] feet in length [illegible] the same bridge has two [illegible] long. Over the same river is a truss bridge at Leavenworth with three spans [illegible] and another [illegible] with five of [illegible] feet. [illegible] the Ohio there [illegible] bridge at [illegible] with a span of [illegible] feet one at Parkersburg of [illegible] at Cincinnati with a span of [illegible] feet [illegible] built and one at [illegible] with a span of [illegible] feet. The truss bridge over the Kentucky river on the Cincinnati Southern railroad has three spans [illegible] feet in length resting on [illegible] piers [illegible] the [illegible] at Poughkeepsie has [illegible] spans [illegible] with piers [illegible] feet above high water.

A Cure Without Medicine

[illegible] Bill [illegible]

For the [illegible] and [illegible] Damiana [illegible] Fleckenstein & Mayer are sole agents.

DIED

[illegible] Alexander King, of [illegible]

NEW TO-DAY.

AGENTS WANTED

AT 189 NINTH ST CORNER OF YAMHILL [illegible] A F FAR HALL

Umbrellas—ALL SHADES OF ALPACA & Gingham also a large lot of Silk in assorted sizes at [illegible] each at O [illegible] & KIN S 147 Third street

LOST

A BROWN SETTER PUP WHITE PAWS DOTted with brown spots. Had on a collar on which was stamped [illegible] the owner's name [illegible] finder [illegible] leave word [illegible] corner of [illegible] and Stark streets or at [illegible]

SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY

On This Day at 10 A M,

I will sell at public [illegible] at the Court House [illegible] Lot 3 in Block 14 in this City [illegible] A [illegible] estate of Jacob Sohm

THE

CITY BOOK STORE,

No 171 First St, near Yamhill,

OFFERS A COMPLETE RETAIL STOCK OF BOOKS, STATIONERY, PERIODICALS, Etc at LOWEST PRICES

W. H. COBURN,

65 First St, Portland,

Dealer in

FRUIT NOTIONS CIGARS TOBACCO NUTS CANDIES ETC

VALENTINES!

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

An IMMENSE STOCK

Just Received

AT

J. K. GILL & CO'S.,

93 FIRST ST, UNION BLOCK,

SPECIAL SALE

OF

BAR FIXTURES, STOVES, ETC., OF THE OREGON EXCHANGE,

THIS DAY,

MONDAY, JAN. 19 AT 11 A. M.,

On the premises S E cor Front and A streets opposite Bank British Columbia

Counters, Shelving Mirrors, Chairs, Glassware

ALSO

1 Ice Chest 1 Large Heating Stove etc

GILMAN & CO Auctioneers

Great Auction Sale

OF

Household Furniture,

Carpets & General Household Fixtures,

By order of MR H DENNISON,

ON MONDAY, JANUARY 26,

Commencing at 10 A M,

We will sell on the premises corner of Third and Morrison Sts. up stairs in the Allsky & Hegele Building.

The Entire Furniture and Fixtures of 15 Rooms, Newly Fitted Up,

Comprising in part

PARLOR FURNITURE:

1 Elegant Parlor Suit complete
1 Elegant Marbletop Parlor Table
1 Plate Mirror and Bracket in Walnut
1 Fine Parlor Stove complete
100 yards Fine Brussels Carpet,
Fine Lace Curtains, Lambrequins, Cornices
1 Fine Lounge, etc.

ALSO

BEDROOM FURNITURE:

3 Fine Solid Ash Bedroom Suits complete,
5 Fine Cottage Bedroom Suits complete
10 Ash Bedsteads

ALSO

Spring and Top Mattresses throughout the house, made to order. Also

CARPETS:

Brussels, Ingrain and 2 Ply Carpets, Matting and Door Mats

ALSO

Feather and Pulu Pillows Blankets Spreads, Sheets, Comforts Pillow Cases etc Chamber Crockery throughout the house

ALSO,

Heating Stoves Crockery Glassware. Kitchen Furniture, Tables Chairs Mirrors, etc

ALSO

1 Fine Range complete with fixtures

We desire to call particular attention to this large sale as the goods offered are in good order, and this is the best opportunity ever presented in this city to purchasers to buy good furniture at their own prices.

GILMAN & CO. Auctioneers

REMOVAL.

CHAS YOUNG, FORMERLY OF L RIEBKEL & Co has located at 32 Stark street Biekel block. Old friends and new are invited to call.

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Has encouraged me to secure, at considerable expense, the services of

PROF. J. MURPHY.

Strongly recommended by competent judges as an able faithful and painstaking teacher. He is an M A of Trinity College Dublin where he graduated with honors. The Institution occupies

Four Very Pleasant School Rooms,

Corner of North Ninth and Stark streets. It will be divided into three departments the *Primary Grammar* and *Academic* next term which commences February the 1st.

MISS ANNIE D GANTENBEIN will give all her time to the Primary Department in German and English.

PROF MURPHY will take charge of the higher departments in English and Mathematics, whilst the undersigned will devote himself to the advanced German classes.

For further particulars please apply to

REV J GANTENBEIN M D Director,

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Also BOCA BEER.

TO DENTISTS.

FROM AND AFTER DATE WE WILL SELL all Dental Goods in stock at twenty per cent less than catalogue rates

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The Bishop Scott Grammar School

J. W. HILL, HEADMASTER,

Begins its Easter Term Wednesday, Jan 20

For particulars apply to J W HILL Portland Or

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COR FRONT AND SALMON

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L P SMITH & SON Jewelers Dealers in Watches, Clocks Jewelry and Silver Ware. All kinds of work in our line done to order

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Hotels—Restaurants

SADDLE ROCK RESTAURANT Commercial St Best restaurant in city first class in every particular [illegible]

NEW ENGLAND HOUSE [illegible] Harmon proprietor. Largest hotel in the city centrally located and newly furnished. Free coach to and from house

WISCONSIN HOUSE H W Dean proprietor [illegible] board and lodging [illegible]

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL [illegible] first class in all respects

Professional

O JACOBS attorney at law [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] SMITH physician and surgeon

Saloons

COTTAGE BY THE [illegible] Bar [illegible] best brands of wines liquors and cigars

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[illegible]

JAMES C FOX Machinist and [illegible] Engineer [illegible] and Repairing a specialty

[illegible] mfrs all kinds of Furniture

[illegible] manufacturers celebrated Boss Beer

[illegible] & RAYMOND First Class Boots & Shoes

FINNEN'S HAVANA CIGAR STORE

Has [illegible] stock of cigars in the city [illegible] New York, Key West and [illegible] Call and be convinced that [illegible] for less prices than at any other store in the city. No 13 First st near [illegible] for the Celebrated Kerbs and Speis New York Cigars.

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, ETC.

John Cran & Co,

Announce to their Customers and the public generally

Previous to laying in New Spring Stock, we are to make a

Clean Sweep

Of the Old.

For One Week Only

We will sell the Odds and Ends in each Department at

Very Greatly Reduced Prices.

FOR INSTANCE

1000 REMNANTS

OF

Dress Goods,
White Goods,
Table Linen,
500 doz. Towels,
100 LUNCH CLOTHS,
1000 yds EMBROIDERY,
BLK & COLORED SILKS,
CHINTZ, LACE CURTAINS.

IN HOSIERY

We will make

Extraordinary Sacrifices

IN

CHILDREN's,
LADIES'
And MEN'S.

This is a bona fide offer to customers and others to secure

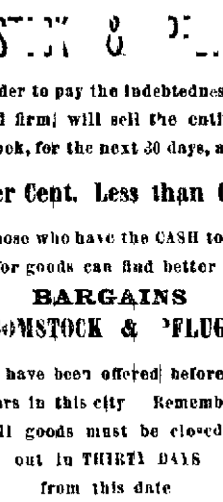
GREAT BARGAINS

And will last for

Only One Week.

100 SILK UMBRELLAS

At $2.75 each.



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FULL LINE OF READY MADE SUITS, Cloaks, Dolmans, Ulsters and Circulars. ON HAND AND MADE TO ORDER.

153 First St. near Morrison.

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THE ASSIGNEE FOR

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In order to pay the indebtedness of said firm will sell the entire stock, for the next 30 days, at

20 Per Cent. Less than Cost!

All those who have the CASH to pay for goods can find better

BARGAINS

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Than have been offered before for Years in this city. Remember all goods must be closed out in THIRTY DAYS from this date.

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THE MIDDLE STORE.

In Centennial Block 169 and 171 Second Street bet. Morrison and Yamhill

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FALL STYLES!

THE VERY LATEST IN

HATS,

AND

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AT

MRS. J. W. LEMMON'S.

W. F. WISE,

Dealer in

Choice Groceries & Provisions

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W. F. WISE,

Cor [illegible] and Montgomery Sts

CAUTION.

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For the Stomach, DAMIANA BITTERS.

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REMOVAL. REMOVAL.

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GOODS GIVEN AWAY

FOR THIRTY DAYS!

Everything in Our Store
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We Want to Sell Everything!
We Want to Move Nothing!

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On the 1st of March we will occupy our new and spacious quarters, running through from Front to First Sts.:

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3 FLOORS ON FRONT ST.!

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NO. 127 FRONT ST. (Wholesale Department)

MAKING THE

Grand Mercantile Bazar

OF THE PACIFIC COAST!

We are now building the connection between the two stores, and while so doing, offer at our old stand—172 FIRST ST., NEAR YAMHILL.

Bargains in Every Line to Clear Stock!

REMOVAL PRICES IN DRESS GOODS, &C.
REMOVAL PRICES IN SHEETINGS, &C.
REMOVAL PRICES IN BLANKETS, &C.
REMOVAL PRICES IN MEN'S WEAR, &C.
REMOVAL PRICES IN LADIES' WEAR, &C.
REMOVAL PRICES IN HOSIERY, &C.
REMOVAL PRICES IN SHOES, &C.
REMOVAL PRICES IN NOTIONS, &C.
REMOVAL PRICES IN FANCY GOODS, &C.
REMOVAL PRICES IN CLOTHING, &C.
REMOVAL PRICES IN CLOAKS, &C.
REMOVAL PRICES IN HATS, &C.

We are thankful for the kind patronage which enables us thus to increase our business. We intend to show that we appreciate it and desire its continuance. Our plan is to divide profits with customers. The more goods we sell, the lower the point to which we push prices. The Nimble Sixpence rather than the Slow Shilling!

If you want goods, we say honestly now is your time to buy. Take advantage OF

REMOVAL PRICES!

Every article marked down! Every article will be sold at stock price.

I. X. L AUCTION CO., 172 FIRST ST., NEAR YAMHILL.

REMOVED. THE COMPOUND OXYGEN TREATMENT FOR THE CURE OF ALL CHRONIC DISEASES.

PROF REES has fitted up offices on corner of Yamhill and First Sts.—No 174, Room 2.

COMPOUND OXYGEN DOES NOT CURE BY THE SUBSTITUTION OF ONE DISEASE FOR ANother as when drugs are taken but by an orderly process of revitalization. In the following list will be found the diseases which have proved the most amenable to Oxygen treatment: Consumption, Bronchitis, Laryngitis, Asthma. Dyspepsia in worst forms can be stopped with the Oxygen. Any fever can be stopped in 24 hours. Catarrh in the worst stages of the disease. Dyspepsia in every form, may be radically cured also Neuralgia, Nervous Headache Scrofula Paralysis and all Nervous Diseases.

PORTLAND Or, Jan 10 1880—I have suffered for years of Nervous Debility and Dyspepsia—given up to die by all the best doctors in the city but was induced to try the Oxygen. I began to improve from the first dose. I thus cheerfully certify as an act of justice to Prof Rees and that the afflicted may know where to find the healing balm. JOEL N PEARCY

HOME TREATMENT.—Can be safely sent any distance in a small and compact package. Price for treatment $10.00. Supply with with inhaling apparatus and full and explicit directions. j16

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

J A CHAPMAN M D J T WELLS, M, D

CHAPMAN & WELLS,

Physicians and Surgeons,

Office COR. FIRST AND ALDER STS (Strowbridge's Building)

Special attention to all branches of Surgery

DR CHAPMAN'S office hours from 10 to 12 A M to 4 and 7 to 9 P M. DR WELLS' office hours from 9 to 11 A M 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 P M

DENTIST.

GEO. H. CHANCE, D. D. S

Odd Fellows Temple corner First and Alder Sts Portland, Or d30

DR. M. PIETRZYCKI,

General Practitioner in Medicine and Surgery,

Formerly Physician of the German Hospital S F

Office & Residence S W corner Third and Market

REMOVED!

DR W H SAYLOR HAS REMOVED HIS OFfice to Nos. 1 2 and 3 Union Block, corner of First and Stark streets over J K Gill's Book Store. d29tf

HOLIDAY GOODS.
HOLIDAY GOODS.

ROBBINS & YATES,

239 FIRST STREET,

Call attention of the public to their LARGE and NEW stock of

PICTURE FRAMES,

In many entirely new and unique patterns all sizes at very lowest prices

Engravings, Oil Paintings,

CHROMOS,

Very Latest Editions from the French and German

CHRISTMAS CARDS!

Great variety which will be sure to please young folks

Brackets,
Music Stands,
Card Tables,
Easels.

VELVET FRAMES,

A large line and most attractive ornaments for the Parlor

We have added to our stock of

WHITNEY & HOLMES ORGANS,

Decker Bros. and Hazelton Brothers PIANOS,

And General Musical Merchandise.

KRUG CHAMPAGNE

[illegible]

PRIVATE CUVEE [illegible] quarts and pints

SHIPPED [illegible] quarts and pints

PRIVATE QUALITY [illegible] quarts and pints

[illegible]

HELLMANN BROTHERS & CO.,

[illegible] Front St San Francisco

FOR SALE

Tillamook Butter in Kegs.

NO. 1 TIMOTHY SEED.

BY

EVERDING & FARRELL

W. J. VAN SCHUYVER & CO., AGENTS, 63 FRONT STREET, PORTLAND, OR.

SADDLES AND HARNESS

J. B. CONGLE,

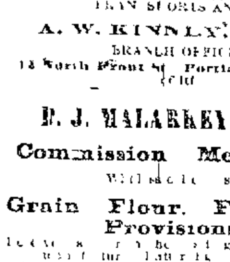
110 Front St

Manufacturer and Importer of

Saddlery.

Best assortment ever offered of Hill's Concord Double & Single HARNESS.

Large stock of Fire & Garden HOSE.



SALEM FLOURING MILLS CO.,

Manufacturers and Exporters of

FLOUR AND WHEAT.

Constantly on hand

SALEM BAKERS EXTRA
FAMILY AND SUPERFINE FLOUR
BRAN SHORTS AND MIDDLINGS

A. W. KINNEY, Agent.

BRANCH OFFICE

14 North Front St Portland, Oregon

P. J. MALARKEY & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

Wholesale [illegible]

Grain Flour. Feed and Provisions.

[illegible]

No 10 and 12 Front St.

NOTICE

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF JEWELRY,

[illegible]

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

S L N GILMAN M CROCKER

GILMAN & CO.,

Auctioneers and Commission MERCHANTS

No. 48 First Street, bet. Pine and Ash.

Auction Sales of Real Estate Furniture, General Merchandise, Horses, Cattle Buggies, &c. Regular Sale Days—TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 10 o'clock A. M.

Special Auction Sale

OF

Household Furniture

We will sell on the premises No [illegible] Salmon st near the corner of Fourth

ON SATURDAY JAN 17, 1880,

At 10 o'clock A. M

By order of J M ATKEN Esq. the

The Entire Furniture and Fixtures of Residence,

Consisting of

BEDROOM FURNITURE

1 Fine Ash Bedroom Set complete
Cottage Bedroom Sets complete

ALSO

Spring and Top Mattresses Pillows Sheets Blankets Comforters etc

ALSO,

Heating Stoves complete

ALSO

1 Fine Piano

DININGROOM FURNITURE

Crockery Glassware Cutlery and Chairs

ALSO

Brussels Ingrain and 2 ply Carpets Stair Carpets and Rods Oil Cloth, etc.

ALSO

Cooking Stove and Kitchen Furniture

GILMAN & CO. Auctioneers

GROCERIES.

HAVE YOU TRIED THOSE

DELICIOUS

MUSTARD SARDINES

If not, buy a box at the

RED FRONT

ALSO,

Marinees, a delicious relish,
Unicorn Boneless Herring,
Sea Moss Farine,
Turtle Soup, an Epicurian diet,
Anchovy Mustard,
Rich Fruits in Juice,
Dundee Marmalade.

Salad Cream.
Anchovies in Oil,
Russian Sardines,
Diamond Mustard,
India Chutnees,
Nonpareil Capres,
Eels, Smoked or in Jelly,
Self Rising Flour.

Also an invoice of

THE WORLD RENOWNED

DROGHEDA OATMEAL,

From McCann's Mills,

DROGHEDA, IRELAND.

O. F. SITES & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

167 First St., bet Morrison and Yamhill.

NEW ARRIVAL.

Maple Sugar,

Atmore's Plum Pudding,

Assorted sizes.

Atmore's Mince Meat,

Assorted sizes.

New Leghorn Citron, Lemon and Orange Peel,

New Smyrna Figs and Turkish Dates,

AT

HACHENEY & BENO'S,

103 First Street, corner of Taylor.

R. WEEKS. A. H. MORGAN

WEEKS & MORGAN

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERY, PROVISION AND FEED STORE,

249 and 251 Front Street, bet. Main and Madison.

J. O'CONNOR,

Dealer in

Groceries & Produce

SHIP STORES.

Garden and Grass Seeds, Foreign and Domestic Fruits,

Has reopened at the old stand,

Corner of Front and Washington streets,

And will be glad to see all his old customers an the public generally

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REASONABLE TERMS Inquire of

j14d2w JOHNSON McCOWN & MACRUM

MONEY TO LOAN

SECURED BY

REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES

Payable Within This State

IN

Sums of $500 to $30,000

Farm Lands or Port and City Property.

Apply to

WILLIAM REID,

48 First street, Portland, Oregon.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

JUST RECEIVED

FROM

NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.

AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF

TOILET SETS,

CELLULOID BRUSH SETS

In Leather and Velvet Cases.

TOOTH, HAIR and NAIL BRUSHES,
CLOTH BRUSHES,
COLOGNES,
PERFUMERIES,
PUFF BOXES,
MIRRORS and
TOILET SOAPS.

All purchased before the [illegible] advance in goods. Call and examine before going elsewhere

JOHN A. CHILD,

DRUGGIST,

Second St bet. Morrison and Yamhill

Guns. Guns, Guns!

Remington's, Winchester's and Sharp's Sporting Rifles.

Clabrough's, Moore's, Scott & Son's, Remington's Shot Guns

AT REDUCED PRICES

HAZARD'S SPORTING POWDER

Fishing Tackle, Fine Cutlery, Skates, Bird Cages, Masks of all kinds.

WM. BECK & SON,

CORNER FRONT AND ALDER STREETS

PIONEER WOOD YARD

FOOT OF YAMHILL STREET.

[illegible]

ALL KINDS OF WOOD

Sawed and [illegible]

As an Invigorator use DAMIANA BITTERS, Fleckenstein & Mayer, Sole Agts

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

OSCAR KILBOURN,

AUCTIONEER,

53 First St, next cor. Pine, P.O.Box 836

Will Purchase and Sell at Auction or Private Sale

Real Estate, Merchandise, Stocks, Furniture, Horses, Buggies, Etc., Etc.,

In the City or Country.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

NATHAN & DWIGHT,

(Successors to Oscar Kilbourn)

Auction and Commission MERCHANTS,

Corner First and Pine Streets.

REGULAR SALE DAYS,

WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS.

WILL PURCHASE AND SELL REAL ESTATE Merchandise and Furniture. Carriages Buggies Wagons Harness and Horses a specialty

WANTS.

WANTED TO RENT,

A HOUSE OF SIX ROOMS IN A CENTRAL LOcality. Address, with particulars, "R," P. O. Box 880 city. j17dtf

WANTED.

A SITUATION TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK in a private family. Good city references. Address E L this office. j16d3t

WANTED—AN APPRENTICE, AT J. VAN BEURDEN's Jewelry Store 103 First street. First class references required. j15d3t

WANTED

AN EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER WHO HAS a few hours leisure desires a small set of books to post good references. Address J. M., Oregonian office.

SITUATION WANTED.

A YOUNG WOMAN WOULD LIKE A POSITION as housekeeper or chambermaid in a hotel or lodging house address A this office.

TO LET.

TO LET.

A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM TO LET AT NO. 41 Eighth street corner C.

TO LET.

A SUIT OF FURNISHED OFFICE ROOMS over Pfunder's Drug Store

TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS—NORTHwest corner Washington and Second [illegible] Inquire of T PATTERSON, Holmes [illegible] 105½ First St. near Stark

SAVINGS BANK BUILDING.

TO RENT TWO OFFICE ROOMS, [illegible] story; separate rooms. Rent $10 [illegible] month. Apply at the Bank, 48 First St.

FOR RENT.

A HOUSE WITH 9 ROOMS AND BATH, ON Morrison and Pacific streets.

TO LOAN for a term of years at 10 per cent sums of $1 000 $2 000 and $4,000

j18dtf P W GILLETTE, No 7 First St.

TO LET—COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOMS to let at No 81 Fourth street, cor of Oak [illegible]

TO LET.

A LARGE NEW DWELLING, NO. 211 TWELFTH st. Inquire of the undersigned at the [illegible] Olds & King at 9½ A. M., or 1½ P. M.

j5 JOHN [illegible]

ROOM TO LET

A PLEASANT FRONT ROOM WITH FIRE AND privilege of bathroom. second [illegible] Postoffice suitable for two single gentlemen. Address C B this office.

FOR RENT.

TWO NEW DWELLING HOUSES OF [illegible] each, with double parlors, situated [illegible] G Sts. on Thirteenth. For particulars [illegible] T. J O'Brien 88 First St.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

10 FINE LARGE TABLES SUITABLE [illegible] store use, size 15 ft. long 3 ft. wide, sold very cheap. Apply 28 Front street.

j16 KOCH, MANSFIELD [illegible]

FOR SALE.

A UNIVERSAL WOOD WORKER [illegible] manufactured by Bentes & [illegible] ilton, Ohio. The machine is as good as [illegible] run about six months. Address C. [illegible] Albany Or.

FOR SALE.

A SMALL STOCK OF CLOTHING, [illegible] to rent, in a good locality in this city [illegible] of DeLASHMUTT & OATMAN.

SAFE FOR SALE.

ONE LARGE SAFE AND TWO [illegible] with counter for sale at the [illegible] WM. BESCHEINEN, cor. Front & [illegible]

FOR SALE.

THE MACHINERY LATE IN THE [illegible] "McCully." Apply to CLARK [illegible] 122½ Front street.

MILK RANCH FOR RENT [illegible] FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WISHES [illegible] his dairy business before the [illegible] 1880 consisting of 27 cows, 8 horses [illegible] ply of utensils. Will rent the [illegible] house and barn. Inquire on [illegible] Sixth and Caruthers' st., of F. H. [illegible]

FARM FOR SALE ON LEWIS [illegible] one mile from steamboat [illegible] 12 acres in meadow and 10 [illegible] ready for the plow. Good house [illegible] small orchard. Price $1,500. For [illegible] lars address J O BOZORTH, [illegible]

FOR SALE.

TWO DESIRABLE LOTS, WITH [illegible] house in East Portland for [illegible] Apply at once to DeLashmutt & Oatman.

FOR SALE.

ONE DOUBLE CIRCULAR PORTABLE [illegible] mill Iron Top saw Frame, [illegible] Gowen's patent head blocks and set [illegible] ity from six to ten thousand feet per [illegible] ceived from the factory, will be sold [illegible] one 30 and one 40 inch Eclipse [illegible] water wheel. Address [illegible]

d8dtf No 4 North Front Street [illegible]

FOR SALE.

BY ORDER OF THE TRUSTEES [illegible] land Academy and Female [illegible] 205 is offered for sale in whole or part [illegible] 2 at $4500, 3 and 4 at $4000 5 and 6 at [illegible] at $4000 or the whole block at $14,000 [illegible] third cash down the remainder to [illegible] years if desired interest at 10 per cent [illegible] quarterly.

Proposals for the old Academy building will be sold cheap, will be received; also [illegible] and seats, desirable for any country [illegible] be disposed of at very low prices.

WM. H. WATKINS [illegible]

A C GIBBS, Secretary.

FOR SALE.

50 ACRES IMPROVED LAND, FIVE [illegible] northeast of Portland. For particulars [illegible] at 120 Third street.

MESSENGER SERVICE

Messengers can be had at any hour of the Day or Night, at the Central office of the

North-Western Telephone and Electric Company.

102 FIRST STREET.

Rates to subscribers and others: [illegible] per hour, 15c for half an hour, or [illegible] a quarter of an hour or less time.

Sutton & Co's Dispatch Line

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

THE A1 FIRST CLASS CLIPPER SHIP

WILDWOOD

Will be dispatched

FROM NEW YORK FOR PORTLAND

Direct about the 20th January.

As the balance of disengaged room is limited shippers will oblige by making their engagements immediately. SUTTON & CO.,

j3d15t 82 South St. New York.

Notice of Removal.

HAVING LEASED STORE NO. 89 FRONT ST. nearly opposite my former one, I will then be pleased to see my customers and the public generally after 1st January 1880.

d27dtf WILLIAM DUNBAR.

S. G. SKIDMORE & CO.

DRUGGISTS

AND

APOTHECARIES,

IMPORTERS OF

Drugs Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Etc.

DR. SYKES' SURE CURE for CATARRH.

151 First St., Portland, Oregon.

H. T. HUDSON,

23 FIRST STREET.

Maker of Seals, Stencils

DIES, RUBBER STAMPS.

Just added a large stock of GUNS

2 HUNDRED DIFFERENT KINDS OF Blanks for Legal, Commercial, Real Estate [illegible] and [illegible] purposes, are kept [illegible] Himes the Printer [illegible] Portland. His Real [illegible] will convey title from [illegible] to top of the earth [illegible] Chicago [illegible] And when you [illegible] County Courts, [illegible] of his blanks are [illegible] instructed by one [illegible] and H the P. [illegible] of public patronage. Meanwhile careful [illegible] orders for printing.

AND COMMISSION

KILBOURN
TIONEER,
rst cor Pine P O Box 834
l Sell at Auction or Private Sale
, Merchandise, Stocks,
rses, Buggies, Etc, Etc.,
he City or Country

AND COMMISSION

N & DWIGHT
ors to Oscar K [illegible]
and Commission
RCHANTS,
rst and Pine Streets

AR SALE DAYS,
YS AND SATURDAYS

ASK AND SELL REAL ESTATE,
e and Furniture, [illegible]
Harness and [illegible]

WANTS

TED TO RENT
ROOMS IN A [illegible]
with [illegible]

WANTED
TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK
mily [illegible]

APPRENTICE AT J VAN
Jewelry store First street
es required

WANTED
CED BOOKKEEPER WHO HAS
ure desire a small set of books
ences Address J M Oregonian
j 4 tf

TION WANTED
N WOULD LIKE A POSITION
or chambermaid in a hotel or
dress "A this office

TO LET

TO LET.
ISHED ROOM TO LET AT NO
corner C
ji tf

TO LET.
FURNISHED OFFICE ROOMS
's Drug Store
j16 tf

A TERM OF YEARS—NORTH
Washington and Second streets
ATTERSON Holmes Building
Stark
j16d 1

BANK BUILDING
O OFFICE ROOMS SECOND
e rooms, Rent $10 each per
the Bank, 48 First St
j13dtf

FOR RENT
H 6 ROOMS AND BATH ON
Pacific streets
term of years at 10 per cent
00 and $4 000
W GILLETTE No 7 First st

RTABLY FURNISHED ROOMS
Fourth street cor of Oak
n7tf

TO LET.
DWELLING NO 211 TWELFTH
he undersigned at the store of
A M, or 1½ P M
JOHN WILSON

OOM TO LET
RONT ROOM WITH FIRE AND
bathroom second block from
for two single gentlemen Ad-
ce.
jan1dtf

FOR RENT.
LLING HOUSES OF 7 ROOMS
ible parlors, situated bet F and
th For particulars inquire of
irst St
dandtf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.
E TABLES SUITABLE FOR
15 ft long 3 ft wide. Will be
Apply 28 Front street
KOCH MANSFIELD & CO

FOR SALE.
WOOD WORKING MACHINE,
by Benteo & Margedant Ham-
ac line is as good as new only
onths. Address C C CHERRY,
j15d12t

FOR SALE.
K OF COTHING, AND STORE
ood locality in this city Inquire
& OATMAN.
j15d6t

FOR SALE
AFE AND TWO SHOW CASES
for sale at the Jewelry Store of
, cor. Front & Morrison j14dst

FOR SALE.
Y LATE IN THE STEAMER
Apply to CLARK & UPTON,
j9dtf

FOR RENT AND STOCK
FOR SALE.
NED WISHES TO SELL OUT
es before the end of January,
cows, 3 horses and a good sup-
ill rent the ranch of 27 acres,
Inquire on premises corner
st., of F H. HOFFMAN j8dim

LE ON LEWIS RIVER, W T,
steamboat navigation 160 acres
y and 10 acres cleared almost
w, Good house and barn and
ice $1,500 For further particu-
OZORTH, Astoria, Or j3d1m

FOR SALE.
LE LOTS WITH COTTAGE
Portland for sale at a bargain.
Lachmund & Oatman d.d1m

FOR SALE.
CIRCULAR PORTABLE SAW
op saw Frame, complete with
d blocks and set works capac-
thousand feet per day just re-
tory, will be sold cheap Also
0-inch Eclipse Double Turbine
rom ALLIS & BLACK
North Front Street, Portland.

FOR SALE.
THE TRUSTEES OF PORT-
and Female Seminary, block
le in whole or part. Lots 1 and
at $4000 5 and 6 at $3000, 7 and 8
te block at $14,000 terms one-
e remainder to run five or ten
interest at 10 per cent payable

old Academy building which
will be received, also, the desks
e for any country school will
ry low prices
WM H WATKINS
President.
n18tf

FOR SALE.
ROVED LAND, FIVE MILES
Portland. For particulars apply
n12dtf

ICE SERVICE

n be had at any hour of
t, at the Central Office of

e'n Telephone and
ic Company,

RST STREET

ribers and others: 25 cts.
r half an hour, or 10c for
hour or less time. i3dtf

Co's Dispatch Line
TLAND, OREGON.
A1 FIRST CLASS CLIPPER SHIP

LDWOOD
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YORK FOR PORTLAND,
bout the 20th January
of disengaged room is limited
by making their engagements
SUTTON & CO
82 South St New York

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RE CURE for CATARRH
t., Portland Oregon

HUDSON,
FIRST STREET
Seals, Stencils
RUBBER STAMPS
a large stock of [illegible]

DRED DIFFERENT KIND OF
[illegible]

CITY

Confessed His Crime—Harry W[illegible], who was arrested for the murder of Jacob Swanger in Washington county, has made a confession of the crime and gives as his motive for committing the murder the need of money to purchase medicine. He says that he asked Swanger for the loan of a small amount which was refused. He says he first shot Swanger in the head with a shotgun then beat him over the head with the stock and dragged the body into the cabin. Discovering still some signs of life in the [illegible] man, Wintingzer [illegible] finished the murderer his work with an ax. On leaving, the murderer Harry went to the room of Mr Dietz, for whom he was working, took Dietz's boots, made a bundle of them, carried them from the house and when he arrived at the road leading to Swanger's put the boots on. After the murder he returned to the intersection of the roads, took off the stolen boots, washed them and returned them to Dietz's room where they were afterwards found still damp. His confession confirms all the circumstances heretofore published in connection with the murder. A preliminary examination was commenced Saturday, the prosecution being conducted by Messrs Tongue & Hittinger and the defense by T B Handley.

The Hanging To-morrow—Between 10 A M and 2 P M to-morrow Wong Fook, the murderer of his mistress Hui Qui, will suffer the death penalty. Although more than a dozen murders have been committed by Chinese in this city since the beginning of their immigration here none have been hanged and it is to be hoped that the execution of Fook will have a salutary effect on the remainder of the celestials who are murderously inclined. Fook has been very penitent since his imprisonment and has received instruction in the Christian religion from Dong Gong, the Baptist missionary. Yesterday afternoon when an OREGONIAN reporter called, he was engaged in reading intently a tract printed in the Chinese language. He expresses a belief in God and in the saving power of Christ, and hopes to go to heaven after death. Little if any interest is felt by his countrymen with regard to Fook's fate and he has been without the financial aid required from the wealthy companies by Ah Lee and Charlie Lee Quong.

German Theater—The melodrama of "Village and City" by the members of the Turn Verein at Turn Halle last night was witnessed by an enthusiastic audience which completely filled the hall. The roles of "Reinhard," the painter, by Mr. Franz; "Christopher," by Mr Levi, the Landlord of Linden," by Mr Wagner; "Lorie," by Mrs Alisky; "Barbel," by Mrs Bauer and "The Countess," by Mrs. Zinsly, were sustained with the grace, ease and ability of professionals, while the minor parts were fittingly represented by able members of the society. Mr Levi and Mrs Bauer won a recall with an excellent bit of quiet comedy, and Mr Franz and Mr. Alisky were frequently and loudly applauded. The play is difficult and one that requires more hard study than amateur societies are usually able to give and the Turn Verein are to be congratulated on their splendid performance.

On Trial—Last evening about 8 o'clock Officer Jaskaller observed two men coming up from Pacific Dock, trundling a stevedore barrow. As they came under the gas light, the officer saw that two cases were on the stevedore which looked very much like oil. He followed them and saw that they passed Front street and left the cases and the barrow in a stable. They then went into a saloon and got the barkeeper to change a half dollar into two quarters. Next they went to the Thompson House and taking rooms went to bed. Officers Jaskaller and Hickey followed the men up and arrested them and conveyed them to jail where they are now. Their names are Philip Mahoney and Terrence Finnigan. There seems to be no doubt as to their guilt. The two cases of oil and the stevedore are at the police station awaiting an owner.

Robbery at Salem—The gun store of Emil Forstner, Esq., of Salem, was entered by burglars some time Friday, and virtually cleaned out of guns, revolvers, cutlery, etc., the estimated loss being somewhere in the neighborhood of $800. Entrance was with little difficulty effected through the front door and the thieves succeeded in getting away with their plunder unmolested. This is the second time Mr. Forstner has been robbed and he thinks the thing is getting monotonous. The officers are on the lookout for the thieves and it is to be hoped they may soon be captured.

Toes and Fingers Amputated.—John Harrington, who had his hands and feet frozen at The Dalles a few weeks ago was operated on at St. Vincent's hospital yesterday, by Drs. Rex and Jones. All the toes on the right and three on the left foot, and one joint of each finger were amputated. The operation was one of the most skillful ever made at the hospital, and was witnessed by quite a number of students of the medical college.

The "Owls"—During the temporary absence of the pro tem foreman of the "Owls," Mr. J Kearney, the secretary of the company, Thos. Nealy, holds the positions of foreman, first and second assistants, president, secretary and treasurer. Tom feels highly elated over the honors which have showered upon him unawares. All the other officers besides the foreman have been called out of the city for the time being.

Mr. Muir's Lecture—The second lecture of John Muir, at Turn Halle, Saturday night, drew a much larger audience than can be generally gathered in Portland to an occasion of this kind, and was a compliment to the able geologist and to the Natural Science Association. The subject, "Earth—Sculpture," was well handled by the speaker, was attentively listened to, and proved highly interesting and instructive.

Pay Your Licenses—Owners of express wagons, billiard tables, etc., who have not yet taken out licenses, will probably save much annoyance and some expense by calling on the city treasurer and liquidating to day.

Insane—Miss Maria Lame, a very respectable young lady of Halsey, has been committed to the insane asylum at East Portland for treatment. Her derangement is attributable to an injury received several years ago.

From Astoria—A telegram from Astoria dated Friday 2 P M states that the *California* is still in Baker's bay.

Appointed—Geo H. Thurston of Eugene has been appointed notary public for the ensuing two years.

SOCIAL EVENTS.

Charity ball on the 30th of January.

A masquerade ball will be given at Turn Halle by the Turn Verein Society, on the 10th of February.

February 6th has been selected for the holding of the next social by the George Wright Post G A R.

On the 23th inst the members of the Terpsichorean Club will give a complimentary ball to their friends to close the season.

BUSINESS NOTICES

Gilman & Co will hold a special sale this morning at 11 o'clock.

J K Gill & Co have just received an immense stock of valentines.

Ludwig Zeck, administrator of the estate of Jacob Sohm, will sell at public auction some valuable property to-day at 10 A M at the court house. The property to be sold is lot in block 12.

AMUSEMENTS

Dr Simms will lecture on cheeks, skin, neck and forehead at Y M C A Hall to night. Go early as there are no empty seats at Dr. Simms' valuable and entertaining lectures. He fills charts at the ante room of the hall to day. He is kept busy.

$35—The White Sewing Machine—best in the world. S M Barr 171 First street.

Two Hot Rolls and Coffee in the morning, 10 cents, at Pine Street Coffee House.

A Fine Line of Silk Scarfs and Bows 2c each at J F D Wrinkle & Co's.

Oysters—Eastern oysters by every steamer at Keith's corner First and Oak streets.

A. Ferguson would inform his old patrons and the public that he has opened his Hair Cutting Head, etc., at his old stand, Stark street between First and Second.

Steinway Pianos lead the world. Go to Bartsch's Music Store 143 First street and examine them.

PORTLAND'S POSTOFFICE

STATEMENT OF BUSINESS FOR 1879

The Number of Letters, Papers, Packages etc Sent and Delivered—Expenditures and Receipts—List of Employes Etc Etc

The following is a detailed statement of the transactions of the Portland postoffice for the year. It is the first complete showing of the kind ever [illegible] and [illegible] compares favorably with the [illegible] of the last preceding year. [illegible] That it was much greater [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] stations [illegible] in a measure adjusted [illegible] a term of [illegible] the following statements with reference to this [illegible] Portland may [illegible] a part of [illegible]

RECEIPTS

Stamps [illegible]	$ [illegible]
[illegible]	63
[illegible]	54 [illegible]
New paper and periodical stamps [illegible]	
Waste paper sold	8
Box [illegible] collected	4 315
Postage collected on letters un[illegible] charged	46 46
[illegible] collected	1 8[illegible]
	$ 4[illegible]

DISBURSEMENTS

Salary of postmaster	$2 600 00
Clerks pay roll	6 8[illegible] 50
Postal agents pay roll	5 185
Letter carriers pay roll	1 12[illegible] 00
Letter carriers expenses	[illegible]
Ordinary expenses	[illegible]
Deposited at National Bank in favor of treasurer U S	[illegible]
	$39 4[illegible]

REGISTRY DEPARTMENT

Number of registered letters sent	1 500
received	13 58
packages in transit	36 43

MAILING DEPARTMENT

Number of letters mailed	1 00[illegible] 16
postal cards mailed	127 248
newspapers	1 435 468
pkgs mdse	34 110
books circulars etc mailed	31 984
letters received	89 36
postal cards received	12 640
drop letters	9 448
newspapers	[illegible]10 9

DEAD LETTER DEPARTMENT

Letters held for postage sent to D L office	305
ret from hotels	66
Unmailable letters	275
Domestic letters advertised	3 14
Foreign	132
Drop	1 56
Return	41

CARRIERS DEPARTMENT

For October November and December

Number of registered letters delivered	3
mail	47 53
postal cards	5 430
local letters	4 524
postal cards	2 150
newspapers	38 874
letters collected	89 168
newspapers collected	7 814
postal cards	17 330

GEO B. COLE P. M
W L CHITTENDEN Ass't P M

EMPLOYES

B E Lippincott Money Order Clerk
Miss L Murray Ass't
N S Pierce Registry Clerk
H T Stephens Supt of Letter Carriers
Mert E. Dimick Mailing Clerk
George F Meacham General Delivery Clerk.

LETTER CARRIERS

John R Coker,
John R Duff
John H. Courtney
John N Bristol
Fred D Matthews

BRIEF NOTES.

See new ads

The river is still high

The *Oregon* due here to night

Storm news is about exhausted

U S circuit court this morning

Churches well attended last evening

Lines in all directions are working well

A big mail is expected on the steamer *Oregon*

Gardeners have commenced to trim shrubbery

Valentine Day is looming up in the near future.

Political matters have commenced to slowly simmer

Tinners have been very busy for the past eight days

A large addition to the Norton House is contemplated

Chief Lappeus and the police force are making things lively for vags

The railroad on Fourth street is being ballasted in a most substantial manner

There will be noose from the court house yard to-morrow about 1 o clock P. M.

Hellgate is open and boats will commence to-day running between Celilo and Wallula

Manager Maguire is in San Francisco making arrangements to secure dramatic attractions

Wm Hines was arrested Saturday charged with stealing 20 pounds of tobacco. He languishes

Mr. William Molson and Mr D W Burnside, who have been indisposed for several days, are both out again

Repairs to the Presbyterian church, which was handled without gloves during the recent storm are being crowded forward

Messrs A J and Levi Knott are canvassing the project of building a large and comfortably arranged boat for the Stark street ferry

Woodward & Connell's office was closed on Saturday out of respect to the memory of Mrs. Couch, a sister of Mr Geo Woodward, who died at Concord N H

Among the passengers on the incoming steamer are the following well known Portlanders: S G Reed, Joseph Teal Jr, R B Knapp and family, and M Koshland

INCOMING PASSENGERS

PER STEAMSHIP OREGON WHICH SAILED FROM SAN FRANCISCO FOR PORTLAND JANUARY 17TH AT 10 A M

S G Reed
Jos Teal Jr
Paul Richter
F B Lyle
Miss E Coolidge
Mrs M Davis
N Hotaling and wife
G L Heald
J S Schenck and wife
Oscar Groenaw
M A Moody
Capt J Irving
B Rosenberg
Col Larabee
W R Whitter
G T Thomas
John Evers
Mrs A G Smith
Louis Mestayer
A S Thompson
Sam Rosenberg
G A Phinney
C B Edes
J O Royer
E G Fuller
J A Tavenor
G W Hume
Mrs S L Shiver & son
T Fallon
J Howell
J A Caldwell
W W [illegible]
E W McGraw
Anna [illegible]
W J Fleming
E Slocum
J Wilton and wife
Mrs B Wethongton
Mrs Kern and child
Dr P J Keane
Ted D Marks
H E Allen
R B Knapp, wf & son
Mrs S Veitch
Maj Alfred Sears & wf
J Schmitz
Rev B S McLafferty
Jos May
M Kosuland
F Coggshall
J M Rosenberg
J Meyers wf & 3 chil n
T C Marion
F M Barthelow
L U Kinney
A Wolf
Mrs C Baker
D S McBean
Geo Milne
F Hoffman
E P Such
W H Edes wf & 2 daug
A R Griffith
Mrs E A Fuller
Mrs G Raswan
Wm Hume
M Elliott
M M Thompson
Abner Allen
Mrs Ellen Davis
H Wehrum and wife
Louise Guire
J Shiesson
A Hunter
J White and wife
J B Walton
E H Ross and wife
A D Bock

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

Signal service United States army. Division of telegrams and reports for the benefit of commerce and agriculture. Report for the last 24 hours.

PORTLAND Jan 18 7 P M

Place of Observation	Height of Barom	Change last 8 Hours	Ther	Wind Direction	Rain fall inches	State of weath
Portland	30 03	02	44	SW	Spk	Cloudy
Roseburg	30 14	13	45	E	0	Cloudy
Red Bluff	30 05	4	53	NW	0	Cloudy
Sacramento	31 06	3	52	N	0	Clear

Olympia lines down

Pine st Coffee House open day and night

The finest rigs in the city at Grant's stables Second and Taylor

Great clearance sale at Wrinkle & Co's

The White takes premiums over all others Only $35. Agency 171 First st

For the very best [illegible] go to Frank G. Abell [illegible] First street, Portland

Those who are buying goods are requested to notice the new [illegible] of [illegible]

Two Button [illegible] Kid Gloves [illegible] at J F D Wrinkle & Co's

W J [illegible] has moved back to the old stand on Stark street and will be happy to meet his [illegible] stock just received on the *Idler*

Immense sale of Morrow's Shoes. Ladies [illegible] Morrow's Shoes. They are the best [illegible] of the latest style

The New Wilson Sewing Machine is the cheapest [illegible]

[illegible]

FURTHER DETAILS

THE STORM IN CLACKAMAS AND YAMHILL COUNTIES

Fences and Forests Laid Waste—Houses Torn Down and Damaged—Slight Loss of Stock

A SCHOONER WRECKED IN COOS BAY

Clackamas

From the Oregon City Enterprise

Vast quantities of trees have been torn up by the roots in many places [illegible] This county compared with its former [illegible] [illegible] John McIlrim's farm on the river is now visible from Oregon City. The tin roofs on Mr [illegible] and Mr John Myers were partially torn up but were prevented by him [illegible] from going the way of the [illegible] [illegible] on Mr John Myers' building were [illegible] Numerous chimneys in [illegible] and out buildings were laid on the ground. The barn of Mr [illegible] Thomas fell, the three horses [illegible] were [illegible] injured. The balustrade on the [illegible] tower was prevented from [illegible] the flagstaff. The seminary had its [illegible] blown in and shutters torn off and the building shook so much that the children were sent home. Geo Cahill's new house on Hatty hill was moved about four feet from its foundation. The lot back of Mr R [illegible] was had the trees all torn up by the roots. One window of Mr W C Johnson's house was broken by a falling tree, and several of the shade trees around the house no longer occupy their former positions. The house occupied by Mr Harris was injured by a falling tree. The cattle in the woods below the seminary rushed out in a regular stampede into the flat below where they had to swim to the road to be away from the trees. Mr Fred R Charman, chief engineer of the fire department, requested all fires to be put out which was done thereby probably saving us from destruction by an element much more devastating than wind. Major Charman met with an unpleasant accident while coming from his residence, a piece of brick being blown into his eye making a very painful wound.

At Canemah there is considerably more light than formerly owing to the number of trees that have been blown down. For an hour or so the air was alive with falling twigs and branches, which were carried enormous distances. The steamboats *City of Quincy*, *Ohio* and *City of Salem* were moored there and at one time it was thought impossible to prevent the last named boat from going over the falls as the strength of the wind snapped the lines as fast as they were made fast. Messrs Blanchard, Draper and Bestow each lost a cow by falling trees. Fences, sheds and trees had to fall before the blast here as elsewhere. Over the county the loss has been enormous. Hardly a fence remains standing in the county. The roads are impassable in one place about two miles from town; there are 225 trees across the road within one mile. On Mount Pleasant it is the same story; timber down, fences can't be found and everything open. Several buildings unroofed, the wood-shed and barn on the Holmes place have been destroyed and what cannot be replaced, those magnificent shade trees in front of the residence.

In the Latourette neighborhood every one has suffered some loss. The fine school house built there, had one end of it cut off by a falling tree causing a damage of about $200. The fine orchard of Mr Latourette has been partially destroyed and the same might be said with regard to the orchards all over the neighborhood. Of course barns, sheds, houses and fences have met with the same fate there as elsewhere.

On the road between Linn's Mill and Oregon City, a distance of seven miles, there are 349 trees down, in one hundred yards of that distance there being nineteen trees across the road. Much damage is done in the Linn neighborhood the same as elsewhere. Mr Cisco lost the roof off his house. Mr Hersey had his house all but completed but now not a splinter of it remains standing. Messrs Potter, S Sprague, A Sprague and Ben Linn met with considerable loss, the first named a barn, dry house and orchards and the last named had his lumber and wagon shed blown down and a new back recently completed badly demoralized. The place now owned by C Albright, known as the M Mann place, had nearly all the timber blown down, fences scattered and barn rendered useless.

At Damascus half of the timber is down, houses unroofed, barns either down or unroofed and sheds all down. The upper part of Mrs Welch's house was blown off. Mrs Welch was struck in the back by a log but notwithstanding the family were all at home no one else was hurt.

The storm near Oswego through the heavy timber was terribly grand. Nearly every barn and shed in the vicinity has received more or less damage. One barn was blown down a hill but not damaged. Some barns were destroyed with horses in them, but the latter, fortunately were unhurt. Many cattle were killed and the roads to Oregon City and Portland blocked. Two bridges across the Tualatin are washed away, one at Shipley's and one at Field's.

Mr Wiley May who lives on the hill near town has nineteen acres of splendid looking wheat nearly buried by fallen timber.

A large tree fell on Mr Ballard's wood house near Linn's mill barely missing the dwelling. Five trees have fallen on the bridge at Henrici's place.

From a gentleman recently in from Sandy we learn that the whole country is one mass of down timber, and news from the settlers between Deep creek and Sandy is anxiously looked for as so many new settlers are living right in the tall timber. Mr Cline had his house turned over and another gentleman had an ox injured to such an extent that he had to kill it, it having had three legs broken. It is feared that the winter wheat will never be harvested being buried in trees and land prepared for spring sowing cannot be cleared in time to do it. It will take three months hard work to clear the roads.

At Highland Jo Walton's granary was blown over. G Wallace's barn blown down and one steer killed. I B Lee had two steers killed, Griffin one steer killed and the horns of another knocked off. G Rogers lost a steer and Messrs H Ringo and J Fogarty had their woodsheds blown down and Mr Wm Mayfield lost his barn. Rails are scattered everywhere and trees are down in every direction.

Late correspondence at Viola—blacksmith shop at Norton's a total wreck, roads full of timber, Feldhammer's ferry badly injured. Messrs Ramsdon, Richardson and Charles Cuttings barns were unroofed. Hundreds of acres of timber down at Ky Rowles timber and fences are flat and wagon shed roof went off.

Yamhill.

(From the McMinnville Reporter)

The gravest injury inflicted here was that which occurred to the public school house. That building was badly racked. School was in session at the time, but came to an abrupt termination when the building took a big heave to the northward trembling and cracking and threatening very seriously to collapse on the spur of the moment. This building was erected less than two years ago at a cost of nearly $4000 and the damage it has sustained thus early is a misfortune to be heartily regretted. Besides this no particular damage was done in town. A high chimney on Henderson's livery stable took a tumble against Turner Bro's drug store which had the effect to unshelf a lot of bottles in the vicinity of the collision; no harm was done. A number of garden fences were prostrated in town and from our neighboring farmers we learn that there is hardly one east and west fence standing in all that broad prairie section of the South Yamhill. The same report comes from the remotest nook and corner in every direction and accounts of barns, sheds etc, being demolished, displaced or injured, more or less are as common as a mention of the gale itself, though residences seemed to have been providentially spared and not a casualty is thus far reported.

A correspondent writing of the storm from Amity says: Here it scared everybody and blew things [illegible] [illegible] the fences down, then it knocked over Uncle John W[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] upper works [illegible] Mr I C [illegible] mill. The [illegible] sign on the top of [illegible] [illegible] took [illegible] the skating rink [illegible] J Mc[illegible] also took [illegible] [illegible] bricks from [illegible] directions. The [illegible] was lifted up bodily clear of the [illegible] [illegible] the building [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] torn up by the roots [illegible] blown away.

Sheridan correspondence: The wind in the morning was blowing briskly from the south [illegible] it shifted to the south west [illegible] all around [illegible] [illegible] the west. At noon [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

Hall's [illegible] several other small buildings that were [illegible] were [illegible] the bank of the river [illegible] had been washed out by the [illegible] leaving them on but [illegible] which doubtless is the principal [illegible] of their blowing over the [illegible] they fell away from the river.

About the time the Grange Hall fell a piece of tin was thrown nearly [illegible] [illegible] window of Dr [illegible] drug store making a [illegible] This shows [illegible] damaging the [illegible]

There was no [illegible] in any of the buildings except to [illegible] [illegible] Hall [illegible] [illegible] the damage [illegible] will not fall short of $2000.

Carlton correspondence: [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] was knocked [illegible] with [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] milk is rather [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Mr [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] wood is liable [illegible] his shed was [illegible] [illegible] is liable to one day.

Further north we hear the [illegible] [illegible] The wind upset several bee [illegible] I guess the people have plenty of honey. As to fencing there is not very little left. The wind first came from the south tearing down all the east and west lines, then changing to the west it flattened all the north and south lines.

The main span of the North Yamhill bridge is almost a total wreck having been moved several feet downstream by the recent high water.

The South Coast

From Gardner, Douglas county, Friday: This was a terrible day here. The wind blew a perfect gale and the water rose six inches into A M Simpson's warehouse and it was hard work to save the stock. The waters were terribly agitated and the waves broke high over the boom and wharf. The steamers and other craft were only kept off by the greatest effort. We have been afflicted with a heavy flood in the Umpqua and Smith rivers but this time old ocean rushed in upon us as if to drown us out. The rain came down in torrents.

The storm raged with great violence at Coos Bay. A correspondent says: The schooner *Emma Utter* dragged her anchor and going ashore is supposed to be broken in two. She was a fine three masted schooner and will be a great loss to her owners. The steamer *Satellite* was breaking up along side her wharf and was cut loose. She however weathered the blast and was afterwards picked up some six miles away not badly damaged.

LETTER FROM ASTORIA

The Storm and Its Effects—The Bar—The Party on Tillamook Rock, Etc, Etc

[REGULAR CORRESPONDENCE OF THE OREGONIAN]

ASTORIA Jan 15 1880

From the graphic and, in some cases the heart rending accounts published in THE OREGONIAN descriptive of the disasters resulting from the late severe wind storms in other portions of the state and the neighboring territory it would appear that our town and county suffered less injury than almost any other. We received the first blow and thought it somewhat severe but it seems to have gathered strength in its onward progress and where it had the material to feed upon, to have been no respecter of places or persons. All damages sustained here have been easily repaired except the carrying away of two sections of the planked road way between Upper and Lower Astoria. This has been a serious inconvenience to residents of both places, and although the whole road is within the corporate limits of Astoria, owing to the refusal of some property owners along the road to pay the sum assessed by the city council for its construction and a suit being now before the district court in reference to the land it is not policy for our city council to order the road to be repaired. The necessity and demand for such a road was however never more manifest than since its partial destruction and as legal questions and decisions like the mills of the gods are slow in their operation cannery owners and private citizens interested are subscribing and hope to realize a sum sufficient to reconstruct the portions carried away forthwith.

This evening your correspondent was informed that the telegraph line was working and immediately indited the following dispatch for the OREGONIAN: Steamer *Canby* just returned from Cape Hancock reports the *California* bound north, *Corwin* and two bar tugs at anchor in Baker's bay. Strong south west gale blowing all day; bar very rough; nothing can cross out. Officers at Fort Canby and the lighthouse keepers express no fears for the safety of the men on Tillamook rock. On presentation the operator regretted to say the line was not working and had not been for two weeks. Nothing has crossed over the bar since last Sunday, and although the impression is general that the workmen on Tillamook rock have had a very rough siege during the late heavy and protracted gales and their situation is a very unenviable one, those who have been on the rock and know that proper precautions were made for all such contingencies, seem to have no apprehensions as to the safety of the lives of Mr Ballantyne and the men working under him. We are anxiously expecting the *Corwin* to be able to communicate with the men on the rock and will dispatch result to OREGONIAN immediately.

FROM WALLA WALLA.

The Storm—Railway Construction—General Items.

[SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE OREGONIAN]

WALLA WALLA, Jan 17—The recent gale did much damage all through the upper country and fences were almost universally prostrated and some buildings were unroofed. Probably fifty thousand dollars damage was done.

The railroad from Wallula to Celilo, one hundred and ten miles in length, is located and contracts let. Men are now at work and more will be placed on as soon as they can be procured.

The country is now on the high road to prosperity and a very large immigration is expected this year. Let them come, there is room for thousands.

The firm of Chapman & Boyer located sixteen thousand acres of land last week for different parties.

More acreage is being plowed than ever before. Farmers are all plowing.

Although it is now the middle of winter the weather is warm and pleasant. The thermometer stands at sixty two in the shade.

The Columbia river is clear of ice and a steamer is expected at Wallula to day.

Bargains in Table Damasks and Towels at J F D Wrinkle & Co's

Butter Taffy, Peanut, Lemon and Molasses Cocoanut Taffy at Postoffice Store

The leading music house north of San Francisco—D W Prentice & Co, Portland

For Dyspepsia Damiana Bitters. Fleckenstein & Mayer are sole agents

Awfully cheap—the Sewing Machines at Barbey's 32 Yamhill St. Repairing done

REMOVED

Dr Fraser has removed his office to rooms 5 and 6 Union block, cor First and Stark sts

Results of Advertising

We understand that Dr D D Young of Yankee Cough Syrup fame sold over 8,000 bottles of this wonderful remedy in the U S last year over a mill[illegible] [illegible] Our druggists all have it [illegible]

Why Will You

Allow [illegible] in your system [illegible]

[illegible]

If a Man Wants a Bottle of Whisky

[illegible]

Fire-warmed Molasses

[illegible]

THE NORTHWEST.

Southern Oregon

[illegible] [illegible] in the upper valley [illegible] week.

The people of [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] road [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

Western Washington

[illegible]

[illegible] early at Mud [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] the damage [illegible] timber [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the trees [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] men who are cautious [illegible] estimate that not less than [illegible] per cent of all the timber in Clarke county is blown down and that but a small portion of it can be saved. On many large tracts of land the timber is all down [illegible] [illegible] only half and in [illegible] damaged. On a tract of 250 acres near Vancouver Mr S W Brown estimates his loss of timber at $2000 and as much more on other tracts probably which he has not yet examined. [illegible] owners of timber land is held for [illegible] [illegible] ber [illegible] heavy damages.

Eastern Washington.

The Dayton postoffice has been raised to the third class and the salary of the postmaster fixed at $1100 per year. The new arrangement took effect January 1st.

G W Forgey of Kittitas valley, reports: My 24 acres of wheat gave an average of 40 bushels to the acre. One acre of potatoes yielded a little over 400 bushels and some of the potatoes weighed three and four pounds apiece.

Idaho

Nez Perce county owes $17 000.

The Lewiston *Teller* advocates building a narrow gauge railroad from Lewiston to Camas Prairie—75 miles.

Waha prairie, south of Lewiston, is claimed to offer a good location for many settlers. The most favorably located claims are already taken up and many are very extensively cultivated. The average of grain to the acre is 35 bushels of wheat, 50 of oats and 30 to 40 of barley. Vegetables of all kinds known to northern states grow in great abundance on sod lands. The prairie is but sparsely watered, the streams usually following the canyons. But water is generally found by digging from five to thirty feet. The timber for fencing and building is on Craig's mountain about fifteen miles from Lewiston but the winding roads around the mountains make the distance from Lewiston to good timber fully twenty five or thirty miles. There is a sawmill in Lewiston, one on the mountain and one located up the Clearwater. They can be reached by a gradual incline down the canyons from the table lands. The country is settled mostly by eastern men, many having their families with them.

THE COURTS

PORTLAND Jan 17 1880

U S CIRCUIT COURT—DEADY J

Willamette Canal & Locks Co vs Kittridge—Cause on trial

U S DISTRICT COURT DEADY J

Thomas vs The Ca[illegible]ope. Cause on trial

POLICE COURT STEARNS J

Lewd cohabitation—J Hamilton, continued; bon is $250

Obstructing sidewalk Alex Hierre, continued

Drunk and disorderly—John Miller, Mrs Sullivan $5 each. Joe Mullen $20

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

DEEDS

I W Wallace and wife to Karl Seelig and Emil Zeitfuchs Jan 6 1880, lots 2 and 3 blk 172 city—$1500

Karl Seelig and Emil Zeitfuchs and wives to Isabella Parsons Gran Jan 11 1880 lots 2 and 3 blk 172 Couch's add—$1500

PATENT

United States to John Findermacker Dec 1 1867 5 53 100 acres, being frac W ½ of NW ¼ sec 15 T 1 N R 11

For fine French Black Cashmeres go to J F D Wrinkle & Co's

For Fine Cigars Tobacco Notions &c go to A P Chenery 172 Front street under National Hotel

Cocoanut Ice Maple Caramels French Caramels, Preserved Fruits at Postoffice Store

Silk Mixed Striped Armures 25c per yard reduced from 50c at J F D Wrinkle & Co's

EUGENE D WHITE,
Commissioner of deeds, notary public and general conveyancer, 130 First st Portland Oregon

A good work horse to sell very cheap. Inquire at Robbins & Yates Music Store, 2[illegible]9 First street

SUICIDE.
A distinguished scientist once said: No man with a strong healthy stomach ever committed suicide, yet many suffer the torments of the damned with Dyspepsia when a single bottle of Dr Mintie's English Dandelion Liver and Dyspepsia Pills will give relief and if persisted in cure the worst case of this distressing trouble. This pill cures torpid liver, biliousness, sallow complexion, foul breath, sick headache, heartburn, pain in side and back, removes pimples from the face, regulates the bowels, is sugar coated and guaranteed purely vegetable. It acts directly on the coating of the stomach and on the liver; is suited to any climate wet or dry weather. Beware of imitations; genuine has cent of Hon [illegible] outside wrapper. Price 50 cents. Sold by all druggists. Hodge Davis & Co, Portland, wholesale agents.

How to Save Money.
Instead of going to a doctor, if you have Bright's Disease, Diabetes, pain in back and loins, smarting, inflammation, calculi, brick dust deposit, or any trouble of the kidneys or bladder buy a bottle of Dr Mintie's Nephreticum, the great Buchu Compound. It is the best prescription ever compounded for these troubles. [illegible] Wholesale Druggists say [illegible] Nephreticum as the best [illegible] in the market. [illegible] Portland, Oregon says: [illegible] speaks highly of it. [illegible] druggist, [illegible] says: [illegible] lots of it. It always does the work. Many have been cured of obstinate kidney complaints after the doctors gave them up. Sold by all druggists. Price $1 00. Hodge Davis & Co, Portland, Wholesale Agents.

Sir Astley Cooper's Vital Restorative
The great English remedy [illegible] made more cures of Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Lost Manhood [illegible] emissions, lassitude [illegible] despondency and [illegible] induced by youthful indiscretions and excesses than all other medicines [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] wholesale agents.

PRICES DOWN TO BEDROCK!
We offer this week our entire stock of clothing, consisting of Gents' and Boys' Suits, Overcoats and Ulsters at a tremendous sacrifice. Those in want of bargains should not delay but call at FISHEL'S CLOTHING PALACE, corner First and Morrison streets.

HENRICHSEN & GREENBERG,
OREGON
Jewelry Manufacturing Co.,
119 FIRST STREET,
Watches, Jewelry, Diamonds,
SILVERWARE,
Clocks, Optical Goods, Etc.
[illegible]

ROYAL
BAKING
POWDER

Absolutely pure—made from Grape Cream of Tartar imported exclusively for this Powder from the Wine District of France. Always uniform and wholesome. Sold only in cans.
A pound can mailed to any address on receipt of 60 cents. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO 131 Duane St New York.
Most cheap powders contain alum; avoid them especially when offered loose or in bulk. n4dly

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, ETC

HAVE YOU LEARNED?
WHAT?
H. B LITT (formerly with Selling and Franklins) opened a
Dress Goods & Dressmaking Establishment.
CUTTING and FITTING A SPECIALTY
A full line of
Dress Goods, Silks, Trimmings
AND
READY MADE SUITS AND DOLMANS
On hand
Samples cheerfully sent on application to any part of the country
New Brick Building Third and Alder No 143.
Address all letters
H. B. LITT, Portland,

INSURANCE

INCORPORATED 1861
Home Mutual Insurance Co.
OF CALIFORNIA.
FIRE ONLY.
Losses Paid since organization $1,334,633
Losses Paid in Oregon in Six Years, - $162,368
OREGON BRANCH OFFICE.
GEO. L. STORY, Manager
Southeast corner First and Stark st.
Opposite Ladd & Tilton's Bank
PORTLAND OREGON

COMMERCIAL
Insurance Co.,
OF CALIFORNIA.
FIRE AND MARINE.
PORTLAND AGENCY—103 FIRST
J. W. G. COFRAN, Manager

OREGON BRANCH
(ALSO WASHINGTON TERRITORY)
NEW ZEALAND
Insurance Co.
FIRE AND MARINE.
Capital WITH $5,000,000
Unlimited Liability of Stockholders.
W F BROWN Manager

UNION
Insurance Company
FIRE AND MARINE
The Office of the Oregon Branch of this Company has been Removed to No. 1[illegible] First Street, near Stark
W. S CALDWELL, Agent
June 6, 1879

Fire Insurance Agency
Imperial,
London,
Northern, and
Queen
Insurance Companies of London and Liverpool.
Cash Assets, - - - - $38,789 6[illegible]
A Joint Policy issued by the four companies.
Office 29 and 31 Front St., Portland, Or
CORBITT & MACLEAY
General Agents
EDWARD HALL, Manager

DOORS,
Windows and Blinds
PAINTS,
Oils and Glass.
BRUSHES VARNISHES GLUES C T RAYNOLDS & CO'S COLORS ETC ETC
COGGINS & BEACH
103 FRONT STREET PORTLAND
General agency of the AVERILL Mixed Paints [illegible]

RE-ESTABLISHED
J. SIMON & CO.,
No 148 Front Street, near Alder
DEALERS IN
DOORS, WINDOWS, BLINDS
AND GLASS
Weights, Cords & Pulleys.
A New and Complete Stock
GLAZING TO ORDER

SCROLL SAWS,
[illegible] BLADES [illegible]
DAYTON & HALL
DEALERS IN HARDWARE & CUTLERY
Cor First and Taylor Sts, Portland

LOUIS FEURER
Has opened
THE QUELLE
AS A FIRST CLASS BEER HALL
Cor Second and Stark Sts Portland

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE
[illegible]

PROPERTY OWNERS
To insure good material, stipulate in all your Contracts for Painting that nothing shall be used except C T. Raynolds & Co's Pure Paints and Oils.
Painters who use C. T. Raynolds & Co's Paints and Oils do the BEST AND CHEAPEST WORK, because PURE MATERIAL GOES FURTHER, LOOKS BETTER, and LASTS LONGER than any other.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

SOL'S RESTAURANT,
CENTRAL MARKET BUILDING,
The Place to
GET THE BEST FOR THE LEAST MONEY.
Dinner Bill of Fare Changed Daily.

BILL OF FARE.

	cts.		cts.
German Pan Cake	15	Mackerel, boiled	10
Oat Meal Mush & Milk	10	Codfish Cakes	10
Corn Meal Mush & Milk	10	Codfish stewed	10
Beef Steak	10	Sauced Pigsfeet	10
Rib Steak	15	Fresh Fish in season	10
Sirloin Steak	15	Coffee, Tea, Chocolate or Glass of Milk each	5
Tenderloin Steak	20		
Porterhouse Steak	25	Two Rolls, Doughnuts Cake of any kind or Pie each	5
Family Porter-house Steak	50		
Dish of Stewed Mush rooms	15	Buckwheat Cakes	10
		Flour Cakes	10
Mutton Chop, plain or broiled	10	Corn Cakes	10
		Pudding of any kind	5
Veal Cutlets	10	One Plate Bread, Butter, Potatoes served with meats without extra charge.	
Pork Chops	10		
Broiled or Fried Tripe	10		
Fried Brains	10		
Sausages	10	An additional plate of Bread or Butter	5
Broiled or Fried Ham	10		
Broiled or Fried Bacon	10	OYSTERS:	
Broiled or Fried Liver	10		
Stewed Tripe	10		
Stewed Kidney	10	Raw	20
Broiled Kidney	10	Fried	25
2 Eggs Broiled, Fried, Poached or Omlette	10	Stewed	20
		Pan Roasts	20
Each Additional Egg	5	Fancy Roast	20
Mackerel broiled	10		

IMPORTED WINES,
SAUTERNES CHAMBERTINE CHAMPAGNES
At Reasonable Rates.
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC CIGARS
Constantly on hand.
Private Rooms for Families. Dinner Parties supplied at short notice
j6

Central Market
Restaurant,
CORNER SECOND AND ASH STREETS
PHOENIX BUILDING.
BOULARD & CO.
Having purchased the entire interest in this well known Restaurant, wish to state that Messrs. Fournier & L Ecuyer are in no wise connected with it
A. WHITLOCK,
SUPERINTENDENT d20dlm

OREGON HOTEL,
Cor. First and D Sts.
J. SALZER & BRO.
INFORM THEIR FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC in general that they have opened this elegant hotel. Johnny and Joe will keep their tables supplied with the best the market affords.
Board and Lodging per week .. $5 00
Board per day .. $1 00
Single Meals .. 25
Board, per week 4 00
Lodging .. 25c to 50
Free transportation to the house
j3

THE OXFORD,
86 First St., opp. Corbett's New Block.
MRS. WALLER & SON (late of Oak St.)
Oysters in every style 25 cents per plate. Meals to order. Fresh Eastern Oysters.
o6

MINNESOTA HOUSE REOPENED
Cor. Third and E Sts, Portland, Oregon.
E. LEWISTON PROP'R.
New House, furnished throughout with New Furniture. Free Coach to and from the house. d16dtf

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL,
THE DALLES, OREGON.
NOW OPEN WITH EVERYTHING NEW AND elegant. A liberal share of patronage solicited. Open all night. Free coach.
General Stage Office for Prineville Canyon City, Baker City, Goldendale and Yakima City
THOS. SMITH, Prop'r,
d28d3m Formerly of Empire hotel, Dalles

RICHMOND HOUSE,
Corner of Second and C Sts., Portland,
NEW HOUSE—NEW FURNITURE.
Board and Lodging, per day .. $1 00
per week .. $5 00 to 6 00
Meals, 25 cts. Suits of Rooms for families. Free Coach to and from the house.
P McFEELY Prop'r.

DAMIANA
FROM WHICH THE BITTERS ARE MADE IS a Mexican Herb and is indigenous only to a small section of Lower (Baja) California.
It has been used by the inhabitants of Lower California for the last thirty years as a general
Invigorator of the System.
A GREAT REMEDY FOR DISEASES
OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER.
A Positive Cure for Dyspepsia,
AND A
Great Stomach Regulator.
The BITTERS are so prepared that in their manufacture we do not use any chemicals, drugs or spirits that are in any manner injurious to the system. Any woman or child can drink them and derive beneficial results.
Fleckenstein & Mayer,
SOLE AGENTS,
Portland Oregon

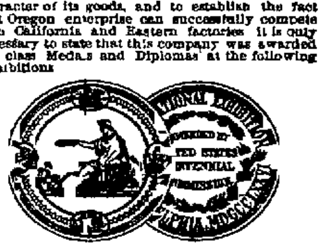
ONLY $90!
THE
[illegible]
10 000
Of which have been sold on the Pacific Coast.
ONLY $90—A FIVE-OCTAVE ORGAN,
Elegant High-Top Case—Five Stops
with Octave Coupler & Sub-Bass,
Possessing all the power and sweetness of the higher cost instruments. Every Organ fully guaranteed for five years. Address
W. T. SHANAHAN.
Morrison St, between Second and Third, PORTLAND OR
Sole Agent for the Northwest Coast.

A Complete Stock of
COFFIN TRIMMINGS
AND
CABINET HARDWARE,
[illegible] to suit.
JOHN R. FOSTER,
Cor Front and Stark streets, Portland

J DUBOIS W R KING
DuBOIS & KING,
Wholesale Grocers,
Shipping and Commission
MERCHANTS,
[illegible] FRONT ST, PORTLAND
[illegible]
Special [illegible] to the sale of Wool Grain [illegible] San Francisco

FURNITURE, CARPETS, ETC.

SAM LOWENSTEIN Pres't, WM. KAPUS, Secretary
Oregon Furniture Manuf'g Co.
OFFICE AND WAREROOMS
Corner First and Yamhill Streets,
FACTORY
Corner Front and Madison Streets,
PORTLAND OREGON
Manufacturers of
FURNITURE
And Dealers in
CARPETS, Etc.
Having the greatest manufacturing facilities in this State this company is enabled to sell at prices much below those of other houses. To show the character of its goods, and to establish the fact that Oregon enterprise can successfully compete with California and Eastern factories it is only necessary to state that this company was awarded first class Medals and Diplomas at the following Exhibitions



Oregon State Fair, Salem, 1876.
Centennial Exhibition, Philadelphia, 1876
Exposition Universelle, Paris, 1878
Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and price lists furnished on application

SPOOL COTTON.
ESTABLISHED 1812.
CLARK'S O.N.T. SPOOL COTTON. TRADE MARK
GEORGE A. CLARK,
SOLE AGENT.
The distinctive features of this spool cotton are that it is made from the very finest
SEA ISLAND COTTON.
It is finished soft as the cotton from which it is made. It has no waxing or artificial finish to deceive the eye, is the strongest, smoothest and most elastic sewing thread in the market, for machine sewing it has no equal, it is wound on
WHITE SPOOLS.
The Black is the most perfect
JET BLACK
Ever produced in spool cotton, being dyed by a system patented by ourselves. The colors are dyed by the
NEW ANILINE PROCESS,
Rendering them so perfect and brilliant that dressmakers everywhere use them instead of sewing silks.
We invite comparison and respectfully ask ladies to give it a fair trial and convince themselves of its superiority over all others.
To be had at all firstclass dealers in dry goods and notions. dec10dawlm

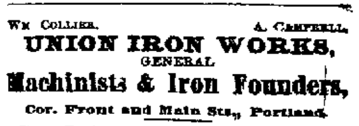
BARBOUR'S
Salmon Net Twine,
Cork and Lead Lines,
Seine Twine.
Cotton Netting, all sizes.
Seines Made to Order.
Flax and Cotton Twines,
Fishing Tackle, etc.
BARBOUR BROTHERS,
511 Market St., San Francisco.
HENRY DOYLE & CO., Managers.
dec10daw8m

VENTILATION.
NOTICE.
WE HAVE APPOINTED MR. D W WILLIAMS of this city our agent for the State of Oregon. He is authorized to dispose of city, county or individual rights, to use the EASTMOND & COTTIER PATENT SYSTEM OF VENTILATION, or applying the same to privies, hotels, dwellings, public buildings and to places where sewer and other noxious gases emit their death producing malaria. Mr Williams has competent workmen who thoroughly understand the above system of ventilation.
COTTIER & CO.
I have in my possession ample evidence of the above system of ventilation being superior to all others known, and will be happy to give any information upon the subject that may be required.
D. W. WILLIAMS,
149 THIRD STREET,
Between Alder and Morrison streets, Portland.
d20dtf

$500 REWARD.
The Board of Fire Underwriters of Portland hereby offer a single reward of
$500—FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS—$500
For the arrest (within six months from this date) and conviction of any persons found
GUILTY OF ARSON,
In firing any property in the city of Portland
W S CALDWELL, President.
GEO. A WEBB, Sec'y
Portland Dec. 5 1879

WM COLLIER. A. CAMPBELL.
UNION IRON WORKS,
GENERAL
Machinists & Iron Founders,
Cor. Front and Main Sts., Portland.
Steam Engines and Boilers, Grist and Saw Mills, Turbine Water Wheels, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers. Pattern Making, Blacksmithing and Repairing done promptly

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES. THE Great British Remedy. There is unquestionably no other remedy so certain in its effects. ASTHMA, WINTER COUGH, BRONCHITIS and DISORDERS OF THE THROAT alike yield to its influence. The highest medical testimony states no better cure for these complaints exists (now proved by over half a century's experience). They contain no opium, morphia, or any violent drug. KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES prepared by THOMAS KEATING, London, Britain, are sold by all druggists [illegible]



USE
PERFECTION'S
VEGETABLE
HAIR RESTORER.

ZAN BROTHERS
[illegible]
Brooms and Wooden Ware
WILLOW WARE.
Nos 14 and 11 North Front Street.

The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING JAN 19 1880

STAR ROUTE POSTAL SERVICE.

Gen Brady before the Committee—The Claims and Rights of Sub Contractors Explained, Etc Etc

[SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE OREGONIAN]

WASHINGTON Jan [illegible]—In the investigation to-day [illegible] Gen Brady stated that his star service could be run to the end of the year keeping intact the [illegible] new routes and all others where the cost of expedition had not exceeded $5000 and cutting down all others to the point at which the increased pay for expedition was begun, or $640,000 for the entire year which would still require a deficiency appropriation of [illegible]. Gen Brady persisted in his former assertion that he had not exceeded the authority and discretion vested in him by law and was perfectly confident congress would sustain him. In connection with the McDonough contract for star service between Santa Fe New Mexico and Prescott Arizona the question was put to Gen Brady whether Walsh as sub contractor [illegible] McDonough did not receive from the sixth auditor payment in the neighborhood of $4,000 on his (Brady's) certificate when he (Walsh) was at the time indebted to the government on other contracts. Gen Brady to several modified forms of the question stated that the matter of payment rested entirely with the contractor. His (Brady's) duty was simply to notify the auditor when a contractor failed to perform his contract to suspend payments and also to certify when service was duly and properly performed. The postoffice department did not recognize the liability of sub-contractors in the cost of failure but contractors were held liable. Sub contractors were recognized to protect them in securing their pay when service was properly performed

The chairman insisted that he had not received a direct answer to his question yes or no whether the amount stated was due the government at the time he (Brady) made a certificate to the sixth auditor on which payment was made to Walsh.

General Brady—I have explained as fully as I can

The Chairman—As fully as you mean to

Question—Is it not a fact that McDonough had a number of contracts on several of which Walsh was sub-contractor?

Answer—McDonough was a failing contractor and his pay was suspended on more than one route. Subsequently on proofs made the order of suspension was removed on some of them and the amount of service performed was certified to the sixth auditor

Q—Was it not the duty, then, of the auditor to ascertain what was due the contractor and also ascertain if he owed the government, and strike a balance before paying him?

A—I think the practice under the auditor's construction of the sub-contract law is to pay the sub-contractor, no matter if the contractor be indebted on any other contract

Gen Brady read from the postal law bearing upon the subject.

Q—Does the sixth auditor make a settlement with a contractor without suggestions from the postoffice department?

A—We merely certify the forms of service. Questions of payment are entirely within the discretion of the auditor

Q—Are we then to understand that a sub contractor on a dozen routes could secure his full pay for service performed on one route though there were an indebtedness to the government for utter failure to perform the contracts upon the remaining eleven?

A—I think the auditor so construes it, I know I should, for the good of the service

How the good of the service could be subserved and what recourse the government could have in such a contingency were matters upon which the committee then expressed their ignorance, and Gen Brady produced a form of bonds required of contractors, and explained that the government has recourse to suit upon the bonds in case of failure to perform a contract, but the usual practice was to compromise with the contractors upon their payment of the additional amount over and above their contract which the government might be compelled to pay to secure the service which they had failed to perform

FERNANDO WOOD'S SCHEME.

Full Text of His Funding Bill to be Introduced into the House of Representatives.

WASHINGTON, Jan 17.—The following is the full text of a funding bill which Representative Fernando Wood will introduce in the house to morrow and move to have referred to the committee on ways and means

Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States in congress assembled, That all existing provisions of law authorizing the refunding of the national debt, shall apply to any bonds of the United States bearing a higher rate of interest than 4 per centum per annum, which may hereafter become redeemable, and the secretary of the treasury is hereby authorized that in the process of refunding the national debt to exchange directly at par, bonds of the United States bearing interest at 3½ per centum per annum, except as otherwise provided in section 5 of this act, and redeemable at pleasure by the United States after 50 years from the date of their issue, but in all other respects, like those authorized by the act of January 14, 1870, entitled an act to authorize the refunding of the national debt and acts amendatory thereto for any bonds of the United States outstanding and uncalled, bearing a higher rate of interest than 4 per centum per annum, and in any such exchange, interest may be allowed on bonds so redeemed for a period of not less than one month nor more than three months, and whenever any of the bonds so redeemed, bearing interest at 5 or 6 per centum per annum, the secretary of the treasury may allow to holders in lieu of the interest provided for above, the difference between the interest on such bonds from the date of exchange to the time of their maturity and interest on 3 and 3½ per centum bonds for a like period, provided that authority in this act shall not be construed into authority to increase the public debt

Sec 2. Authority to issue bonds to the amount necessary to carry out the provisions of this act is hereby granted

Sec. 3 The said secretary is hereby directed to invest the money in the treasury from time to time in excess of 25 per centum of outstanding legal tender notes, in the purchase of maturing 6 and 5 per centums from the lowest bidder, after due public advertisement, at a rate not less than ten million dollars in each month until the whole of said excess over 25 per centum shall be invested provided, however, that said 5 per centum and 6 per centum bonds can be bought at a price at which they will yield not less than 3½ per centum interest for their unexpired term but no more than ten million dollars par value of said maturity bonds shall be purchased in any one month and all bonds so purchased shall cease to bear interest and shall be cancelled.

Sec 4. The act approved February 26, 1870 authorizing the issue of certificates of deposit is hereby amended so as to continue and limit the amount of certificates to be used to $50,000,000 to be outstanding at any one time and fixing the rate of interest to be allowed thereon at 3½ per centum per annum for one year, after which interest shall cease, and said certificates shall be convertible at the option of holders when presented in sums of $50 or a multiple thereof into coupon or registered bonds authorized by this act, and whenever any of said certificates shall be converted into bonds the same shall be cancelled and destroyed. The secretary of the treasury may, in his discretion issue new certificates in the place of those converted up to the limit of fifty million dollars until the aggregate amount of bonds authorized by this act and of said certificates combined then outstanding, shall equal the amount of bonds hereby authorized. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to form a combination by which to procure said certificates of deposit authorized under this act for purposes of sale to others and for acting as agents of others and any person so offending shall be liable on conviction to be fined $1000 or to imprisonment not to exceed one year. The secretary of the treasury is authorized and directed to make suitable regulations in compliance with this act providing that the expense for disposing of certificates and bonds authorized to be issued shall not exceed one quarter of one per centum

Sec. 5 From and after the passage of this act the only bonds receivable as security for national bank circulation shall be the bonds herein authorized

Sec 6—This act shall be known as the Funding Act of 1880 and all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

DIPLOMATIC CORRESPONDENCE.

The Matter of Chinese Surety in the United State—Outrages by Sub officials in Interior China

[SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE OREGONIAN]

WASHINGTON Jan 18—The publication of such [illegible] of the diplomatic correspondence of the last year as the state department considers advisable to disclose [illegible] progressed [illegible] some considerable correspondence is published concerning the refusal of Collector Higbee last summer to accept as sureties on a tobacco manufacturer's bond wealthy Chinese merchants unless they owned real estate which was complained of by Consul Bee and others as persecution towards Chinese manufacturers by compelling them to pay [illegible] to white owners of real estate to become their sureties. Secretary Evarts brought the matter to the attention of Secretary Sherman who returned [illegible] of Higbee's action and informed Secretary Sherman on the 20th of October that assurance can be given to his Excellency Yung Wing assistant Chinese minister at Washington that the internal revenue service in California will be so administered as to give Chinese residents the equal protection of the laws

Chester Holcombe, then in charge of the U S legation at Pekin, writing to Secretary Evarts about a year ago transmitted a [illegible] from the consul at Hankow complaining of the action of Chinese officials in an interior province at Szchuen [illegible] to acknowledge the validity of tax transit passes issued to an American merchant under which he was bringing native products to that port and Holcombe adds: It is hard to conceive a more flagrant violation of treaty obligations than that narrated above nor a better illustration of the readiness and freedom with which local authorities in China ignore the agreement and instruction of the central government. The officials in charge of the tax station at Keve Chow have long been notorious for their conduct in this direction as correspondence between this legation and the department abundantly proves. It is not likely that a change for the better will occur until the government at Peking is driven by decided language of foreign powers to assert and exercise its legitimate authority

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA

Presidential Preferences

SAN FRANCISCO Jan 16—A Los Angeles dispatch says: The *Journal* to-morrow morning will contain interviews with 225 republicans as to their preference for presidential candidates classified as follows: Blaine 90, Grant 60, Sherman 8, Garfield 2, Hayes 2, Conkling 1, Bristow 1, undecided 37. About all the undecided ones are divided between Grant and Blaine

Dividend

SAN FRANCISCO Jan 17—Bodie declares a dividend of 25 cents

Deaths in San Francisco.

Richard Sullivan, a well known writer and journalist and brother of T D Sullivan, editor of the Dublin *Nation*, died here to-day

Senora Maria Madrez de Montafar, wife of the minister of foreign affairs of Guatemala, visiting this city for her health, died to-day. Senor Montafar has for many years been engaged in a feud with the society of Jesuits, he being a prominent Mason, and was twice exiled from Guatemala by Jesuit influence, but finally accomplished their expulsion. In recognition of his devotion to the craft Masons will attend the funeral en masse to-morrow

Contributions for Ireland.

SAN FRANCISCO Jan 17—The Irish relief committee will to-morrow remit $1500 to Dublin. Mayor Kalloch has tendered the Metropolitan Temple and his services as a lecturer on Ireland for the benefit of the fund. Los Angeles contributes $600, and Stockton $1000

Active Work on the Southern Pacific

SAN FRANCISCO Jan 17.—The Southern Pacific is making extensive preparations to extend their road eastward from Casa Grande and during the week a great deal of camp equipage, provisions etc. were sent forward. Next Tuesday a detachment of 500 laborers will leave here for Casa Grande to be followed by others until two or three thousand are put at work. Fifty miles of steel rails and 200 miles of ties are now collected at the point where track-laying will commence

FROM SEATTLE.

Miners for the Skagit Country—The Weather.

SEATTLE Jan 15—The snow has mostly disappeared

Twenty three miners arrived here last evening per steamer *Dakota* from San Francisco, bound for the Skagit gold diggings, some coming from as far east as Colorado. The last accounts report the Skagit river full of ice from its mouth up to Mount Vernon. The steamer *Chehalis*, however, expects to reach the head of navigation next week with a load of miners and supplies

The heavy gale of last week which proved so destructive in Oregon, did not reach the Sound

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

SAN FRANCISCO Jan 17

SAN FRANCISCO Jan 17—Silver 93¾ buying par selling

U S Bonds—5s of 81 [illegible] 4½s, 7⅛ 4s [illegible] Closed—5s 3¾, 4½s 7¾, 4s 4⅞

LONDON Jan 17—U S Bonds—5s 5¾ 4½s 10[illegible] 4s 7¾ 2 P M 5s 5⅞

LONDON, Jan 17—U S Bonds—5s 5⅞ 4½s 1[illegible] 4s 7⅝

New York Markets

NEW YORK Jan 17—Markets generally are quiet, but in many instances firm, and in some cases higher. The current week has been rendered memorable by the collapse of the wheat market in consequence of an open winter, large accumulation of supplies at shipping points, and disappointment with regard to exports during the winter. This morning opened at 1@1½ higher but quiet, closing steady at an advance. English exporters claim that this market is 2 cents higher than Liverpool

Flour—Quiet

Pork—Firmer but quiet

Lard—A shade higher with fair demand

Rio coffee dull and nominal

Refined sugars, moderate with steady demand, crushed, powdered and cut loaf 10@10½, granulated 9⅞@9⅞ coffee A standard 9½@9⅝, do. off, 9@9¼ white extra C 8¾@8⅞ extra C 8½@8¾, C 8@8¼, yellow, 7⅞@8

Teas, quiet; holders do not press sales and are firm

Hides—Difference of views between buyers and sellers restricts business, prices steady

Leather—Moderately active prices regular with advantages rather in favor of buyers

Turpentine—Nominal at 5@5½

Raisins—Limited demand, holders firm on fine grades.

Petroleum—Dull for lower Dyes rather good demand for firm Dye

Borax—Moderate demand

Quicksilver—Rather weaker holders asking 44@45

Opium—Easier $4@4 12½ in bond

Hardware—Good active demand price lists continue under revision and pretty much all changes reported are toward a higher level; nails are higher being now quoted at $5@5½ per keg; the advance has been checked, but the regular demand has stimulated speculative inquiry

Pig Iron—Quiet; consumers consider the prices artificial; all large holders insist upon $40 for No 1 Scotch pig; prices are buoyant but irregular; English pig good demand and very firm

Manufactured Iron—Active demand at full prices

Lead—Firm demand; holders firm at [illegible]

Tin Plates—Active but the firmness of holders restricts business

Paints—Moderate demand and prices steady

Sperm Oils—Very firm; crude $1 06@1 10

Hops—Quiet; Pacific coast 35@40c

Wools—Stocks are under close control and are firmly held but business is moderate; sales of California are 40,000 lbs spring 30@34; 100,000 lbs and [illegible] bales fall 20@27; 8,000 lbs scoured [illegible]

Dry Goods—Moderately active and prices very strong with upward tendency

New York, Boston and Philadelphia Clipper Freights

NEW YORK Jan 17—Clipper freights show no material change, the market being rather quiet than otherwise. The [illegible] is closing out and will [illegible] Monday or Tuesday. The *Louisiana* will then be the leading ship and will get [illegible] about [illegible]

Freights at Boston are quiet. The *W F [illegible]* is doing fairly but it is not known when she will get off. Railroad freights are [illegible] quiet. The [illegible] week amount to [illegible] boxes [illegible]

Freights at Philadelphia [illegible] will get away during the present month

The Chicago Markets

CHICAGO Jan 1[illegible]—The wheat market has been [illegible] [illegible] but they are confident of final success in the investment.

Corn has been comparatively listless and quiet with small fluctuations

Oats were weak and lower but not animated

Provisions have declined very materially but recovered from the lowest figures

[illegible] the February options were made as follows: Wheat $1 22[illegible] [illegible] Pork [illegible] [illegible] closing [illegible]

[illegible] Company's Reports

SAN FRANCISCO Jan 1[illegible]

[illegible] Very firm [illegible] light receipts

[illegible] Dull and very weak

[illegible] wheat 60 0[illegible]

[illegible] arrival [illegible] Havre [illegible] Fresh French Chevil Bordeaux

LIVERPOOL WHEAT MARKET

LIVERPOOL Jan 1[illegible]

Wheat—California [illegible]

NEW YORK MARKETS

NEW YORK Jan 16

Wheat Quiet

Flour—Steady

W[illegible] Quiet

Pork Dull and lower 25 cents

Lard Active

Barley Nominal

CHICAGO MARKETS

CHICAGO Jan 17

Short ribs $4 95

Wheat—$1 23 paid for February

Pork—$12 ⅞ paid for February

Lard—$7 [illegible] for February

Boston Wool Market

BOSTON Jan 17—Wool—Demand steady at firm prices; purchases can only be made at full current rates. Pulled wools are in better demand; sales include Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces XXX at 45@50c, Michigan X 4[illegible]@48½, Wisconsin X 47 [illegible] Vermont [illegible] combing and delaine [illegible] unwashed and unmerchantable fleeces [illegible] medium Oregon 40c, Georgia and Texas [illegible] 6@4... scoured 53@56c super and pulled [illegible] tub washed 56c. Transactions in California as the stock on hand is almost exclusively fall which is not so desirable as other kinds. The sales of the week include 1,5,000 lbs of fall and spring at 30@40. Fair business doing in foreign wools. Sales of the week 1,361,000 lbs of which 1,05,400 lbs were domestic

Produce on Hand.

SAN FRANCISCO Jan 18—The San Francisco produce exchange has issued a report of the amount of breadstuffs remaining in the state on January 1st, as follows: Flour 55,[illegible] barrels, wheat 4,096,825 centals, barley 918,[illegible] oats [illegible] corn, 120 15 rye 38,712 beans 46 31 bushels

Chicago Wheat Market

CHICAGO Jan 17—Wheat—Lower $1 [illegible] February

Shipping Intelligence

SAN FRANCISCO Jan 17—Sailed—Str Oregon Portland, bk Tam O'Shanter, Port Blakely, sl S [illegible] Bordeaux—Arrived—Br str Ryth[illegible] Castle Victoria

Spoken Dec 17—Lat N, lon 20 British New York San Francisco for Liverpool

QUEENSTOWN Jan 15—Arrived—Sh W H Connor San Francisco

CARDIFF Jan 1[illegible]—Sailed—Edwin Reed Portland

LIVERPOOL Jan 15—Sailed—Str W P Grace Baltimore

VICTORIA, Jan 1[illegible]—Arrived—Str Dakota San Francisco

SEATTLE Jan 13—Arrived—Str Alaska San Francisco; sch Reporter San Francisco; sh Templar San Francisco

TACOMA Jan 14—Arrived—Bk Samoset San Francisco

QUEENSTOWN Jan 15—Arrived—Sh William H Connor from San Francisco

Czar of Russia

We congratulate the Czar of Russia upon a narrow escape from an attempt on his life. In starting for Moscow his baggage was sent on ahead; he starting soon after passed it and reached Moscow safely while the baggage was blown up. A tunnel was found running to a house one hundred and fifty feet from the point where the explosion occurred. It is supposed the author of this hellish plot was suffering from a diseased mind superinduced by severe pain in the back and kidneys. To prevent a repetition of like occurrences it is said the Czar has sent to Hodge Davis & Co., Portland Oregon for a large shipment of the OREGON KIDNEY TEA

REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE

A MEETING OF THE REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL Committee of the State of Oregon will be held in the city of Salem on Wednesday Feb 18 1880 at 2 o'clock P M. A full attendance is requested.

DAVID FROMAN Chairman

JOSEPH SIMON, Secretary

(Republican papers please copy)

Committee.

Baker	Milton White	Linn	D Froman
Benton	E B McElroy	Lane	J H McClung
Clackamas	P Paquet	Marion	R C Geer
Clatsop	F J Taylor	Multnomah	Jos Simon
Columbia	G W McBride	Polk	A W Lucas
Coos	E W Tower	Tillamook	Dr Lascelle
Curry	M Riley	Umatilla	vacant
Douglas	E G Hursh	Union	W J Snodgrass
Grant	J W Church	Wasco	E L Smith
Jackson	J H Chitwood	Washington	Jos Gaston
Josephine	Thos Floyd	Yamhill	J W Watts
Lake	C B Watson		

DR. PAUL M. BRENAN

The Most Successful Physician on the Pacific Coast.

IN THE TREATMENT OF ALL CHRONIC AND DIFFICULT DISEASES.

DR. BRENAN WILL GUARANTEE TO CURE any form of disease of the generative organs or private disease

He has become an expert in the treatment of disease, weakness and derangement of the reproductive organs of both male and female including diseases caused by the

FOLLIES OF YOUTH,

Such as SPERMATORRHEA or SEMINAL WEAKNESS or LOSS OF PERFECT VITALITY. Nearly two thirds of all the Chronic Diseases spring either directly or indirectly from some derangement of the sexual system and yet this subject is neglected by the majority of the Medical Profession

I know that persons who are unfortunate enough to be afflicted by any form of sexual disease have a delicacy in calling upon the proper physician in time from a sense of modesty and sometimes from ignorance, and permit those diseases to exist until their constitutions become corrupted, their organization broken down and the hope of future happiness blighted until death becomes a welcome messenger to carry them out of their miserable existence

Everything strictly confidential under all circumstances

Lost manhood perfectly restored

Catarrh, Bronchitis, Throat Diseases, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaint and all diseases of the Eye and Ear, Stomach and Bladder he can cure without fail

Consultation Free and a list of printed questions sent to those living at a distance who cannot consult him personally. Enclose postage stamp for list

Office—No 17 First street, between Oak and Pine

Office Hours—From 10 to 12 A M, 2 to 5 and to 8 P M

LIVERY AND HACK STABLES

CITY STABLES AND **Carriage Repository**

(Formerly Ackers)

OF Holcomb Bros & Co.,

Importers, Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of

BUGGIES CARRIAGES PHAETONS HACKS, HARNESS, Etc

From the Manufactories of Hooker & Co and Brewster & Caffrey

A full line of the above goods always on hand [illegible]

The City Stables, 100 Second Street

[illegible] Livery and for [illegible] Saddle and Work Horses, [illegible]

[illegible] W CLIFFY Manager

[illegible] TRANSFER COMPANY

GENERAL

Forwarding & Commission

BAGGAGE [illegible] TRANSFERRED AND [illegible]

ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED to Day or Night.

[illegible] Second and Stark St [illegible]

CORBETT'S

Livery, Hack & Feed Stables

SECOND AND TAYLOR STS

Reasonable Charges for Hire and Board

[illegible] Orders [illegible]

W [illegible] Proprietors.

SAN FRANCISCO STOCK EXCHANGE

SAN FRANCISCO Jan 1[illegible]

MORNING BOARD

135 Ophir [illegible] 30 [illegible] Leopard [illegible] 25c

25 Mexican [illegible] Bullion [illegible]

[illegible] B & B [illegible] Union [illegible]

[illegible] C S Belle [illegible]

[illegible] 10 Manhattan [illegible]

[illegible] Metallic [illegible]

[illegible] Hale & [illegible] Star [illegible]

[illegible] Belcher [illegible]

[illegible] Challenge [illegible] Bodie [illegible]

[illegible] Lady Wash [illegible]

[illegible] Fulton [illegible]

The Stomach is Strengthened,

The liver regulated, the bowels put in proper order, the blood enriched and purified, and the nervous system [illegible] by this inestimable family medicine [illegible] safeguard against disease which is [illegible] most agreeable and efficient appetizer [illegible] cordial peculiarly adapted to the wants of [illegible] and infirm. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

45 Years Before the Public.

THE GENUINE

DR. C. McLANE'S

CELEBRATED

LIVER PILLS,

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis or Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increases on pressure, sometimes the pain is in the left side, the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder and is sometimes mistaken for rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with lax, the head is troubled with pain accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin, his spirits are low; and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet examination of the body, after death, has shown the LIVER to have been extensively deranged

AGUE AND FEVER

DR C McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, IN CASES OF AGUE AND FEVER, when taken with Quinine, are productive of the most happy results. No better cathartic can be used preparatory to, or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them a FAIR TRIAL.

For all bilious derangements, and as a simple purgative they are unequaled

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

[illegible] McLANE'S LIVER PILLS [illegible]

[illegible] Dr C McLANE [illegible] McLane, spelled differently but same [illegible]

HODGE DAVIS & CO Wholesale Agents Portland.

CITY LICENSES.

For the Current Quarter are now due and payment therefor must be made on or before the 10th inst, at my office, 122 First street.

JOSEPH [illegible]

Treasurer City of Portland.

Portland, Jan. 3 1880

Attention is called to the following extract from Ordinance No 1[illegible] [illegible]

KING & CHATTEN,

[illegible] to [illegible]

Notaries Public, Commissioner of Deeds

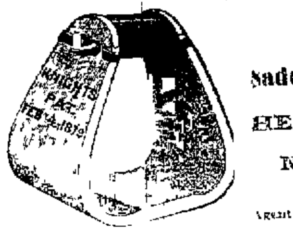
For all the States and Territories

CONVEYANCERS,

REAL ESTATE AND [illegible]

Office—[illegible] San Francisco

[illegible]



S. SHERLOCK,

Manufacturer and Importer of

Saddles, Harness & Saddlery Hardware,

Also a Complete Assortment of

HEAVY CALIFORNIA TREES,

For [illegible] Saddles

N. E. cor. Front and Oak Sts.,

PORTLAND OREGON

Agent for Knight & Luten [illegible] & Hickory Whip Stocks.

Established 1858.

WILLAMET IRON WORKS,

Incorporated September 14, 1868

CORNER OF NORTH FRONT AND E STREETS.

[illegible] Vice President [illegible] JEFFERYS Sec

[illegible] BOILER MAKERS GENERAL [illegible] AND ENGINE BUILDERS,

[illegible]

[illegible] PATTERNS South of San Francisco [illegible]

[illegible] ENGLISH [illegible] PIPE [illegible]

JAMES LOTAN Supt

SMITH BROS. & WATSON'S IRON WORKS,

South Front street, between Harrison and Hall, Portland, Oregon,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Portable Stationary and Marine Engines and Boilers, High or Low Pressure, Steam and Hydraulic Hoisting Machinery and Elevators, Saw Mill, Grist Mill, Quartz and Machinery of all kinds,

Made to order on short notice. CASTINGS of Iron, Brass & Composition, of any weight or description.

Down-town office with DuBois & King, 108 Front street, with Free Telephone communication with Works

GOLDSMITH 24 and 219 Water Street, New York — J LOEWENBERG, Portland

GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG,

50 and Front Street, O. S. N. Co's Block,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Stoves, Ranges, Metals

LEAD AND IRON PIPE

Tinmen and Plumber's Stock,

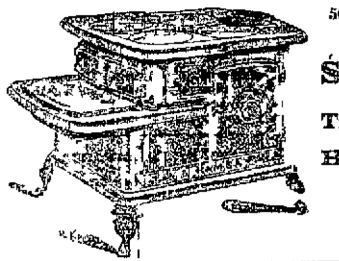
HYDRAULIC RAMS INDIA RUBBER HOSE

House-Furnishing Hardware,

FORCE & LIFT PUMPS.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE

Willamette Stove Works.



BANKS.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN AND CURRENCY.

COLLECTIONS MADE on all Points

BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE ON

SAN FRANCISCO	LONDON
NEW YORK,	PARIS
CHICAGO	BERLIN
ST LOUIS	FRANKFORT ON MAIN
WASHINGTON D C	And HONG KONG.

OREGON & WASHINGTON

MORTGAGE SAVINGS BANK,

(LIMITED)

President of Oregon Board of Directors DONALD MACLEAY Esq (of Corbitt & Macleay,

LOANS MADE ON REAL ESTATE

Payable Within this State.

INTEREST ON TIME DEPOSITS

4½ and 5 per cent.

WILLIAM REID,
Managing Director

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND.

Designated Depositary and Financial Agent United States.

President.......................HENRY FAILING

Cashier.........................JAMES STEEL

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities

SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS, payable in Coin or Currency, for sale on NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS

SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on

LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN

Bank of British North America

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID UP CAPITAL... $5,000,000

Head Office London, England

Branches in the Dominion of Canada

Montreal	Kingston	Fredericton N B
Quebec	Brantford	St John N B
Toronto	London,	Halifax,
Hamilton,	Ottawa	Victoria, B C

In the United States:

New York, San Francisco, Portland Or

Agents:

SCOTLAND—National Bank of Scotland, Commercial Bank of Scotland.

IRELAND—Provincial Bank of Ireland, National Bank of Ireland

ENGLAND—National Provincial Bank of England

LIVERPOOL—Bank of Liverpool

PARIS FRANCE—Marcuard Andre & Cie

Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers bought and sold. Bills discounted and collected. Loans made. Moneys received on special deposit or on current account subject to check. Commercial Credits granted and a general Banking Business transacted

J GOODFELLOW, Agent

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA,

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid up Capital..........$2,000,000

With power to increase to $10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE 28 Cornhill, London

BRANCHES Victoria (B C), San Francisco and Portland

AGENTS.

NEW YORK, CHICAGO, CANADA — Bank of Montreal

MEXICO & SOUTH AMERICA London Bank of Mexico & South America

IRELAND Bank of Ireland

SCOTLAND British Linen Company

ENGLAND National Provincial Bank of England

LIVERPOOL Bank of Liverpool. North & South Wales Bank

This Bank transacts a General Banking business. Deposits received on current account subject to check.

Approved Bills discounted. Loans made on available security. Collections made promptly

Exchange sold on London, Liverpool and on the principal towns and cities in Ireland and Scotland, from £1 upwards. Also on all places in Canada in sums to suit. Coin and Currency [illegible] and Telegraphic Transfers on New York and Chicago.

Commercial Credits granted, available in Europe, New York, China, Japan, South America, Australia and New Zealand

W W FRANCIS, Manager

PORTLAND LIBRARY ASSOCIATION

Corner of Stark and First Streets,

Over Ladd & Tilton's Bank

Over 9,200 Volumes.

And over [illegible] Papers and Periodicals.

Membership Free to All

MONTHLY DUES $1 00—QUARTERLY DUES $3 00

Directors:

WILLIAM WADHAMS [illegible]

[illegible]

H B KING [illegible] TAYSON

S P Dean, President

H F [illegible]

[illegible] Henry [illegible]

AD. W ZORN'S EXCHANGE,

[illegible]

Best Pool and Billiard Tables on Coast

[illegible]

Milwaukee Molson and Weinhard Beer

[illegible]

MARKETS.

PACIFIC MARKET.

Cor. B and Second Sts

JOS. BURKHARD, Formerly of Burkhard & Strube East Portland — MORTON M SPAULDING, Formerly of Spaulding & Burton Portland

BURKHARD & SPAULDING.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Butchers and Packers.

Highest Cash Price paid for all kinds of Fat Stock. Best kind of Sausage always on hand. SHIPS SUPPLIED on short notice. Free delivery

A. H. JOHNSON,

Stalls 25, 27 and 26 Central Market

Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh Meats.

PACKER OF BEEF AND PORK.

Highest Price paid for all kinds of Fat Stock

CHRIS. SCHLOTH,

Washington St., near Third

Is prepared to supply Free

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.

Free delivery to any part of the city

J. S. KELLER,

Cor. Third and First Streets

Is prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

R. C. JANION & CO

IMPORTERS AND

Commission Merchants

AGENTS FOR LLOYDS

OFFER FOR SALE AT WHOLESALE PRICE

IND COOPE & CO'S ALE, pints and [illegible]

BASS' " "

TENNENT'S " "

W. Edmonds & Son's, Guinness Grand STOUT

RED CASE GIN, Kuyper's and Son's brand.

Hennessy, Martell and Jules Robin BRANDIES, in case and bulk

Jules Robin BRANDIES, in case

Scotch WHISKY, in case and bulk

Dunville's IRISH WHISKY.

Carte Blanche Champagne,

Carte D'Or Champagne, pints and quarts.

Finest SHERRIES and PORT WINES.

BORDEAUX CLARETS, in case.

Patra's CURRANTS, in tins.

PURE MALT VINEGAR.

FINEST SALAD OIL, quarts.

CORN BRUISERS, CHAIN and ZIG ZA HARROWS.

English PAINTS and Nobles & Hoare VARNISHES.

Superior WHITE LEAD and ZINC.

CHLORIDE OF LIME and SODA ASH

CAUSTIC SODA, 75% proof.

WHITING AND PARIS WHITE,

WHEAT, OAT SACKS, HESSIANS and TWINE.

SHEET AND GALVANIZED IRON

FRY PANS, BUCKETS, etc., etc.

K. B.

KING OF THE BLOOD

THE MOST THOROUGH PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD YET DISCOVERED

Cures all Humors, from a Common Eruption to the Worst Scrofula.

It purifies the Blood.

It invigorates the Liver.

It regulates the Bowels.

It strengthens the Stomach.

It gives vivacity in place of lassitude, cheerfulness in place of gloom and robust vigor in place of debility.

Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Disordered Liver, Constipation, Nervous Affections, General Debility [illegible] modern medical discoveries.

ITS NAME IS ITS BEST DESCRIPTION [illegible]

It banishes PIMPLES, SALT RHEUM, SCALY ERUPTIONS, ULCERS, SCALD HEAD, FEVER SORES [illegible] SCROFULOUS DISORDERS

It checks CONSUMPTION [illegible]

It dispels TUMORS, [illegible] CANCERS without [illegible]

It cures DROPSY [illegible]

[illegible] FEMALE WEAKNESS and DISEASE

[illegible]

D RANSOM, SON & CO Proprietors,

Buffalo N Y

[illegible] HODGE DAVIS & CO [illegible]

The Celebrated Export Beer

[illegible]

Gambrinus Brewery

[illegible]

OCEAN STEAMERS

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

Carrying the United States Mails and Wells, Fargo & Co's Express.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY and PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP COMPANY will dispatch EVERY FIVE DAYS for the above port, one of their new A 1 Iron Steamships viz

OREGON,

GEORGE W ELDER and

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

SAILING DAYS—January 24, 29 Feb 3

Leaving Portland at 6 A M

THROUGH TICKETS sold to all the principal Cities in the United States and Canada

For particulars for Passage and Freight apply to

GEO W WEIDLER, Agt O S S Co.,

Corner F and Front Sts. [illegible] Or

J McCRAKEN & CO Agts P C S S Co,

60 [illegible] North Front St [illegible]

NOTICE.

IN CONSEQUENCE OF UNAVOIDABLE delays no steamer will sail from Portland on January 14th as previously advertised. The sailing days will be as follows

Oregon	Saturday, Jan 24
State of California	Thursday Jan. 29
Geo W Elder	Tuesday, Feb. 3

GEO W WEIDLER Agt O S S Co

Cor F and Front sts Portland

J M CRAKEN & CO Agts P C S S Co

60 62 64 North Front St Portland

For Shoalwater Bay, Gray's Harbor, Port Townsend, Seattle, Victoria and Nanaimo,

And will call at other ports Should Freights offer

THE COASTING STEAMER

Alexander Duncan

JAMES CARROLL.................Commander

Will leave Pacific Dock

F M BARTHOLOW Gen'l Agent.

F J HATCH Portland Agent.

Office on Pacific Dock foot of Salmon st. jy15

For PORT TOWNSEND, VICTORIA, NANAIMO, FORT WRANGLE and SITKA.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS

THE STEAMSHIP

"CALIFORNIA,"

CHAS. THORN.................Commander

Will leave Flanders' Wharf foot of [illegible] street, for the above ports on

SUNDAY, JAN 11, 1880

At 6 o'clock A. M

For Freight or Passage apply to

ED C HUGHES Purser

RIVER STEAMERS.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

PASSENGER SCHEDULE

Beginning Jan 16 1880

PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND

FOR DALLES—Daily (except Sunday) at 5 o'clock A M

FOR UMATILLA, WALLULA AND WALLA WALLA—Monday and Friday at 5 A. M.

FOR KALAMA, TACOMA AND SEATTLE—Daily (except Sunday) at 6 A. M.

FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M

FOR ASTORIA—Daily (except Sunday,) at 6 A.M

For Cathlamet, Bay View, Skomockaway and Brookfield—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A M

For Westport, Clifton and Knappa—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 A. M.

GEO J AINSWORTH Gen'l Sup't.

INDEPENDENT STEAMBOAT CO.

STEAMER

CITY OF SALEM

A W. SPENCER Capt. GASSENDI COX, Purser

Will leave Portland at 6 A. M

For Oregon City, Butteville, Champoeg, Fairfield, Wheatland, Lincoln, Salem, Independence, Fairview, Buena Vista, Kola, Springhill, Enterprise, Albany, Corvallis

And all intermediate landings on the Willamette river,

ON SUNDAYS AND WEDNESDAYS,

Returning

TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

Landing—Pacific Dock foot of Salmon street

o10 U B SCOTT Pres't.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

STEAMERS leave PORTLAND from the Central Wharf, between Washington and Alder streets, as follows

FOR DAYTON—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 A. M.

FOR SALEM, ALBANY, CORVALLIS, and intermediate points—Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 A. M

For Lightering and Towing of Vessels

Between Portland and Astoria apply at the office of the Company near corner of Front and Ash sts.

FRANK T DODGE Agent.

THE ELEGANT STEAMER

CITY OF QUINCY

L H SANBORN Capt. R. S OAKLEY Purser.

Is receiving Freight and Passengers especially for Oregon City, Butteville, Champoeg, Dayton, Lafayette, Amity, McMinnville and all points on the Railroad

Leaves foot of Morrison St. at 7 A. M on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays

Returning, Leaves Dayton at 8 A. M on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays

No detention at the flouring mills at Oregon City. Arriving at Portland at 2 P M

BUCHANAN BROS Agents.

Vancouver Transportation Co

The New and Elegant Steamer

LURLINE, JAS. T GRAY, Master

WILL LEAVE FOOT OF ALDER STREET daily Sunday excepted at 2:30 P M.

Returning leave Vancouver at 8 A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board.

Towing done between 10:30 A. M. and 2 P M

Gas Fixtures

FINISHED IN

Polished Bronze with Crackle Ware,

Polished Brass with Kiota,

Silver, Gilt and Porcelain

Crystal,

Silver and Crystal,

Gilt and Crystal,

Ebony and Gold,

Verde Antique, Etc

We are constantly in receipt of all the newest patterns which we offer at the lowest prices. Catalogues furnished to select from when required

A. F. NYE & CO.,

IMPORTERS.

315 and 317 Pine St., San Francisco.

[illegible] JAMES

Used for over 25 years with great success by the physicians of Paris, New York and London and superior to all others for the prompt cure of all cases recent or of long standing

Prepared by CLIN & CIE Paris.

JAMES

Sold Every where.

RAILROADS

Oregon & California R. R.

To Take Effect Sunday, Sept. 15, 1878, at 12 o'clock Noon.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY),

As follows

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	7 30 A. M.	Roseburg	[illegible] P. M.
Roseburg	5 00 A. M.	Portland	[illegible]

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)

As follows

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	4 00 P. M.	Albany	[illegible]
Albany	[illegible] A. M.	Portland	[illegible]

FREIGHT TRAINS

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	[illegible] A. M.	Junction	[illegible]
Junction	[illegible] A. M.	Portland	[illegible]

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the California and Oregon Stage Company

Tickets for sale to all the principal points in California and the East at Company's Office,

Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing

PORTLAND.

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouses over 24 hours.

Freight will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock P M.

J BRANDT Jr., Gen'l Supt.

E P ROGERS Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent

Northern Pacific Railroad

PACIFIC DIVISION.

KALAMA TO TACOMA, AND TACOMA TO WILKESON, (Coal Mines.)

MAIN LINE TRAINS

DAILY (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Kalama	11:20 A. M.	Tacoma	[illegible]
Tacoma	7:00 A. M.	Kalama	[illegible]

Puyallup Road Trains

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Tacoma	6 45 A. M.	Wilkeson	[illegible]
Wilkeson	3.30 P. M.	Tacoma	[illegible]

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At Tacoma with Pacific Mail Steamships to Victoria and San Francisco, and with Sound Steamers for Seattle, Steilacoom, Olympia and all points on Puget Sound.

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Through Tickets to Portland, Oregon, [illegible] Victoria, Seattle, Tacoma and Tenino.

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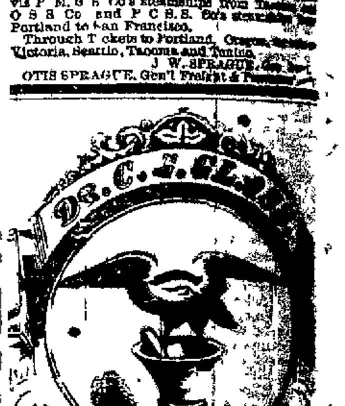

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Treats all Chronic and [illegible]

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WHO MAY BE SUFFERING FROM THE effects of youthful follies [illegible] do well to avail themselves of [illegible] ever laid at the altar of [illegible] DR. SPINNEY will guarantee [illegible] every case of Seminal Weakness [illegible] case of any kind or character [illegible] takes and fails to cure.

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There are many at the age of [illegible] who are troubled with too frequent [illegible] the bladder, often accompanied by [illegible] ing or burning sensation and [illegible] system in a manner the patient [illegible] for. On examining the urinary [illegible] sediment will often be found [illegible] small particles of albumen will [illegible] color will be of a thin milkish hue [illegible] ing to a dark and torpid appearance [illegible] many men who die of this difficulty [illegible] the cause, which is the second stage [illegible] weakness. Dr S. will guarantee a [illegible] all such cases, and a healthy restoration of the genito-urinary organs

Office Hours—10 to 4 and 6 to 8. [illegible] 10 to 11 A M. Consultation Free. [illegible] amination and advice, $5. Call or address

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j8c tf No 11 Kearny street [illegible]

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PROPRIETOR OF ANATOMICAL MUSEUM

Kearny Street, bet. Bush and [illegible]

(The only pupil in California of the [illegible] Ricord, of Paris)

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1880.

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State Treasurer's Eighth Notice.

OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER,
SALEM Jan 1 1880.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE are funds in hand applicable to the payment of [illegible] Warrants of the issue of 1878 and [illegible] special levy of three mill [illegible] as follows [illegible]

[illegible] 1633, 1645, 1655, 1656, 1665, 1690, 1704, 1705, 1710, 1735 [illegible]

[illegible] the above Warrants will cease [illegible]

EDWARD HIRSCH,
State Treasurer.

NOTICE [illegible] DURING MY ABSENCE FROM THE [illegible] is authorized to act for me [illegible]

J B MONTGOMERY